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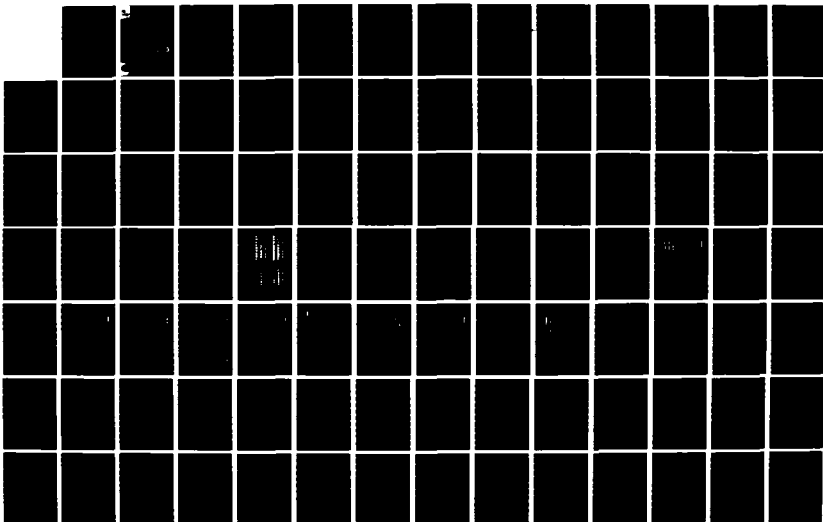
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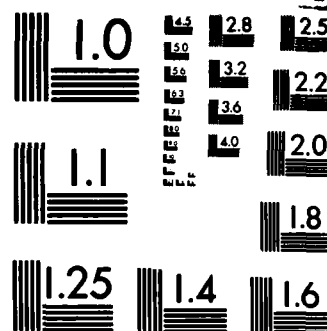
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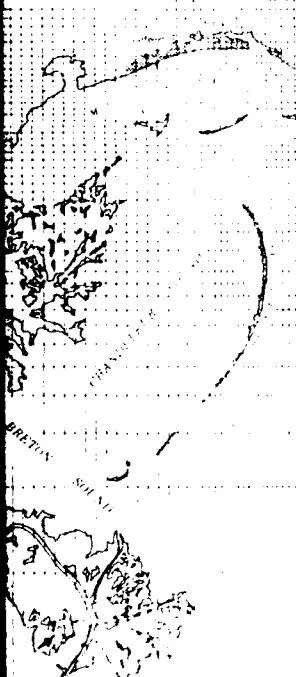


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**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT  
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INSTRUCTION REPORT EL-85-1

**USER GUIDE FOR WIFM-SAL: A  
TWO-DIMENSIONAL VERTICALLY  
INTEGRATED, TIME-VARYING  
ESTUARINE TRANSPORT MODEL**

by

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March 1985  
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20. ABSTRACT (Continued).

Results computed on a global grid may be employed as boundary conditions on a more spatially limited refined grid concentrated around the area of interest. In addition, the user may select either of two distinct transport schemes. Scheme 1 is a flux-corrected transport scheme capable of resolving sharp fronts without oscillation. Scheme 2 is a full, three time level scheme directly compatible with the three time level hydrodynamics. The telescoping grid capability in conjunction with the user selectable constituent transport scheme is an extremely powerful concept in real world transport problem solving.

*Additional keywords: WIFM (WES Implicit Flooding Model); WES (Waterways Experiment Station); Computerized Simulation; Salinity; Subroutines; input; output.*



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## PREFACE

This report describes the development and application of a numerical transport model used as a basis for 2-D vertically averaged estuarine water quality models. The preparation of this report was sponsored by the Office, Chief of Engineers (OCE), under the Environmental Impact Research Program (EIRP). The Mobile District, CE, sponsored the Mississippi Sound Study, which is presented as a test application. Technical Monitors for EIRP were Dr. John Bushman and Mr. Earl Eiker of OCE and Mr. David B. Mathis, U. S. Army Water Resources Support Center.

The work presented in the report was conducted from July 1979 through June 1983 in the Wave Dynamics Division (WDD) of the Hydraulics Laboratory (HL) of the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) under the general supervision of Messrs. H. B. Simmons, Chief, HL, and Claude E. Chatham, Jr., Acting Chief, WDD. The WDD was transferred to the Coastal Engineering Research Center (CERC) of WES on 1 July 1983. From July through September 1983, work was performed in the WDD of CERC under the general supervision of Dr. R. W. Whalin, Chief, CERC, and Mr. Chatham, Chief, WDD. Dr. R. A. Schmalz, Jr., WDD, conducted the Mississippi Sound Study and prepared this report.

The preparation of this report was monitored by Mr. Ross W. Hall, Ecosystem Research and Simulation Division (ERSD), Environmental Laboratory (EL), under the general supervision of Mr. Don L. Robey, Chief, ERSD, and Dr. John Harrison, Chief, EL. Program Manager at WES for EIRP was Dr. Roger T. Saucier.

Commanders and Directors of WES during the conduct of this study and the preparation and publication of this report were COL Nelson P. Conover, CE, and COL Tilford C. Creel, CE. Technical Director was Mr. F. R. Brown.

This report should be cited as follows:

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# CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PREFACE . . . . .	1
CONVERSION FACTORS, U. S. CUSTOMARY TO METRIC (SI) UNITS OF MEASUREMENT . . . . .	3
PART I: CAPABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS . . . . .	4
PART II: THEORETICAL DEVELOPMENTS . . . . .	6
Constituent Transport Equation in Cartesian Coordinates . . . . .	7
Constituent Transport Equation in Transformed Coordinates . . . . .	8
Numerical Approximations . . . . .	9
PART III: MODEL INPUT REQUIREMENTS . . . . .	10
Constituent Simulation Control . . . . .	11
Boundary Condition Control . . . . .	12
Boundary Condition Data . . . . .	13
Wind Data . . . . .	14
Constituent Initial Condition Data . . . . .	15
Dispersion Coefficient Data . . . . .	16
Output Control . . . . .	17
PART IV: APPLICATION TO MISSISSIPPI SOUND . . . . .	18
Global Grid Results . . . . .	19
Refined Grid Results . . . . .	20
Computer Requirements . . . . .	21
REFERENCES . . . . .	22
APPENDIX A: SUBROUTINE LISTING . . . . .	A1
APPENDIX B: WIFM-SAL INPUT REQUIREMENTS . . . . .	B1
APPENDIX C: REFINED GRID INPUT DATA . . . . .	C1
APPENDIX D: REFINED GRID OUTPUT DATA . . . . .	D1
APPENDIX E: CRAY I-S JOB CONTROL LANGUAGE . . . . .	E1

CONVERSION FACTORS, U. S. CUSTOMARY TO METRIC (SI)  
UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

U. S. customary units of measurement used in this report can be converted to metric (SI) units as follows:

<u>Multiply</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>To Obtain</u>
feet	0.3048	metres
feet per second	0.3048	metres per second
miles per hour (U. S. statute)	1.609347	kilometres per hour

USER GUIDE FOR WIFM-SAL: A TWO-DIMENSIONAL VERTICALLY  
INTEGRATED, TIME-VARYING ESTUARINE TRANSPORT MODEL

PART I: CAPABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS

1. The transport model WIFM-SAL was developed as a prerequisite requirement for water quality models to be used in the analysis of water quality problems in shallow estuaries and embayments which may be considered vertically well mixed thereby justifying a vertically integrated approach. The model is two-dimensional in the horizontal and generates time-varying water surface elevations, velocities, and constituent fields over a space staggered grid. Units of measure are expressed in the English system (slug-foot-second).

2. Two constituent transport schemes have been incorporated in the U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) Implicit Flooding Model (WIFM) developed by Butler (1980). Constituent computations are performed at the same time step interval as employed in the hydrodynamic computations. Therefore, if desired, the user may develop the coding necessary to density couple the hydrodynamics if this is important for the problem of concern. Density coupling is not implemented in the model at this time.

3. An exponentially stretched grid system is used in WIFM-SAL allowing the user to increase resolution in specific areas where more computational detail is desired. This feature is particularly useful in modeling inlets and barrier island systems.

4. Since the constituent transport schemes are directly encoded within WIFM, this model must be used to provide the hydrodynamic description. Future work will be conducted to develop a separate transport-dispersion model, allowing for user selectable hydrodynamic input and transport scheme selection.

5. Although WIFM has been used extensively in moving boundary applications, the transport schemes assume a fixed land/sea boundary. Future work is needed to remove this restriction.

6. The constituent transport equation considered is for a passive scalar without source/sink terms. The extension to multiple (reacting) constituent systems remains to be developed.

7. WIFM-SAL allows the model user to employ results computed on a global grid as boundary conditions on a more spatially limited, refined grid

concentrated around the area of interest. In addition, the user may select either of two distinct transport schemes. Scheme 1 is a flux-corrected transport scheme capable of resolving sharp fronts without oscillation. Scheme 2 is a full, three time level scheme directly compatible with the three time level hydrodynamics. Scheme 1 requires approximately three times more computer time than scheme 2 but is more accurate than scheme 2 for sharp front problems.

8. However, on a coarse spatial resolution global grid covering a large area, scheme 2 results may be used in areas away from sharp fronts to provide boundary conditions for a more refined grid system encompassing the sharp front region of propagation. Scheme 1 may then be selected to resolve the sharp front over this refined grid. Thus, the telescoping grid capability in conjunction with the user selectable constituent transport scheme is an extremely powerful concept in real world transport problem solving.

## PART II: THEORETICAL DEVELOPMENTS

9. Consider the instantaneous three-dimensional constituent transport equation. The time scales for which this equation applies are of much shorter duration than can be modeled. Therefore, the instantaneous equation is temporally averaged. Under the vertically integrated approach, the resulting equation is then depth averaged. The transport equation obtained is then transformed using an exponential stretch. Numerical approximations to the transformed equation are formulated followed by the development of relations for the effective dispersion coefficients.

### Constituent Transport Equation in Cartesian Coordinates

10. The instantaneous constituent transport equation is

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( D_x \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} \right) \\ + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( D_y \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( D_z \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

where

$x, y, z \equiv$  Cartesian coordinates

$u, v, w \equiv$  velocity components in the  $x$ -,  $y$ -, and  $z$ -directions, respectively

$t \equiv$  time

$s \equiv$  concentration of the material of concern

$D_x \equiv$  molecular diffusion coefficient in the  $x$ -direction

$D_y \equiv$  molecular diffusion coefficient in the  $y$ -direction

$D_z \equiv$  molecular diffusion coefficient in the  $z$ -direction

For a turbulent flow, the turbulent diffusion is much greater than the molecular diffusion. The following analogous formula holds where time averaging over the time scale of the turbulence has been performed.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( K_x \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} \right) \\ + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( K_y \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( K_z \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where  $K_x$ ,  $K_y$ , and  $K_z$  are turbulent diffusion coefficients. Equation 2 may be written in conservation form by adding  $s$  times the continuity equation (namely, zero) to the left-hand side to obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(us)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(vs)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial(ws)}{\partial z} \\ = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( K_x \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( K_y \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( K_z \frac{\partial s}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

This form of the equation is then depth integrated as described in Schmalz (1981a) to obtain:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (hs) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (hus) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (hvs) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( hK_x^* \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( hK_y^* \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \right) \quad (4)$$

where  $h$  is the water depth and  $K_x^*$  and  $K_y^*$  are effective dispersion coefficients.

#### Constituent Transport Equation in Transformed Coordinates

11. The transport equation is transformed from  $x - y$  space to  $\alpha_1 - \alpha_2$  space by means of the following coordinate transformation as considered by Butler (1980).

$$x = a_1 + b_1 \alpha_1^{c_1} \iff \alpha_1 = \left( \frac{x - a_1}{b_1} \right)^{1/c_1} \quad (5)$$

$$y = a_2 + b_2 \alpha_2^{c_2} \iff \alpha_2 = \left( \frac{y - a_2}{b_2} \right)^{1/c_2} \quad (6)$$

The terms  $a_1$ ,  $b_1$ ,  $c_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $b_2$ , and  $c_2$  are constants valid for different regions in the grid. Then for an arbitrary hydrodynamic variable  $\rho(x,y,t)$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \quad \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_1} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x} \right) \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_1} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} = \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \left[ \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_1} \left( \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) \right] \quad (8a)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_2} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} \right) \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_2} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \right) \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} = \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \left[ \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_2^2} \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_2} \left( \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \right) \right] \quad (8b)$$

If we introduce  $\mu_1 = dx/d\alpha_1$  and  $\mu_2 = dy/d\alpha_2$  then

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\mu_1} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \quad \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{\mu_2} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{\mu_1} \left[ \frac{1}{\mu_1} \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_1} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_1} \right) \right] \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial y^2} = \frac{1}{\mu_2} \left[ \frac{1}{\mu_2} \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_2^2} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha_2} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_2} \right) \right] \quad (11)$$

Considering Equation 8a in an alternate manner

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \right) \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d^2 \alpha_1}{dx^2} \quad (12)$$

Noting  $\partial/\partial x = (\partial/\partial \alpha_1)(d\alpha_1/dx) = (\partial/\partial \alpha_1)(1/\mu_1)$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} \left( \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d^2 \alpha_1}{dx^2} \quad (13)$$

Employing previous notation, Equation 13 is rewritten as follows:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_1} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_1} \right) \quad (14)$$

Note, however, from the relation between  $\partial/\partial x$  and  $\partial/\partial \alpha_1$  we obtain

$$\frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_1} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \frac{d}{d\alpha_1} \left( \frac{1}{\mu_1} \right) \frac{1}{\mu_1} \quad (15)$$

This relation is equivalent to Equation 8.

12. If we consider a hydrodynamic variable  $\rho(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, t)$  and let  $i^*$ ,  $j^*$ ,  $n$  be defined such that

$$\rho_{i^*, j^*}^n = \rho(i^* \Delta \alpha_2, j^* \Delta \alpha_1, n \Delta t) \quad (16)$$

Then let  $i$ ,  $j$ ,  $n$  be such that

$$\rho_{i, j}^n = \rho \left[ a_2 + b_2 (i^* \Delta \alpha_2)^{c_2}, a_1 + b_1 (j^* \Delta \alpha_1)^{c_1}, n \Delta t \right] \quad (17)$$

We employ uniform spacing in  $\alpha_1 - \alpha_2$  space and irregular spacing in  $x - y$  space. We may evaluate the derivatives with respect to  $x$  and  $y$  as follows.

$$\left. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x} \right|_{i, j}^n = \left. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \right|_{i^*, j^*}^n \left. \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right|_{j^*} \quad (18)$$

where

$$\frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} = \frac{1}{c_1 b_1} \left( \frac{x - a_1}{b_1} \right)^{(1-c_1)/c_1} = f(x)$$

$$f \left( a_1 + b_1 \alpha_1^{c_1} \right) = \frac{1}{c_1 b_1} \alpha_1^{(1-c_1)} = f(\alpha_1) \quad \left. \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right|_{j^*} = f(j^* \Delta \alpha_1)$$

and

$$\left. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} \right|_{i, j}^n = \left. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_2} \right|_{i^*, j^*}^n \left. \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \right|_{i^*} \quad (19)$$



where

$$\frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} = \frac{1}{c_2 b_2} \left( \frac{y - a_2}{b_2} \right)^{(1-c_2)/c_2} = g(y)$$

$$g\left(a_2 + b_2 \alpha_2^c\right) = \frac{1}{c_2 b_2} \alpha_2^{(1-c_2)} = g(\alpha_2) \quad \left. \frac{d\alpha_2}{dy} \right|_{i^*} = g(i^* \Delta \alpha_2)$$

For the second derivative term we obtain

$$\left. \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial x^2} \right|_{i,j}^n = \left. \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right|_j \left[ \left. \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \alpha_1^2} \right|_{i^*,j^*}^n \left. \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right|_j + \left. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \alpha_1} \right|_{i^*,j^*}^n \left. \frac{d}{d\alpha_1} \left( \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) \right|_{j^*} \right] \quad (20)$$

where

$$\frac{d}{d\alpha_1} \left( \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) = \frac{d}{d\alpha_1} \left[ f\left(a_1 + b_1 \alpha_1^c\right) \right] = \frac{(1 - c_1)}{c_1 b_1} \alpha_1^{-c_1} = h(\alpha_1)$$

$$\left. \frac{d}{d\alpha_1} \left( \frac{d\alpha_1}{dx} \right) \right|_{j^*} = h(j^* \Delta \alpha_1)$$

Similarly, for  $\left. \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial y^2} \right|_{i,j}^n$ . The underlined terms in Equations 10 and 11,

although they may be computed exactly, are approximated using finite differencing on  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$ .

13. Transforming Equation 4 in  $x - y$  space to  $\alpha_1 - \alpha_2$  space we obtain the following result:

$$(ds)_t + \frac{(ds)_{\alpha_1}}{\mu_1} + \frac{(ds)_{\alpha_2}}{\mu_2} = \frac{1}{\mu_1} \left[ dK_{\alpha_1} \frac{(s)_{\alpha_1}}{\mu_1} \right]_{\alpha_1} + \frac{1}{\mu_2} \left[ dK_{\alpha_2} \frac{(s)_{\alpha_2}}{\mu_2} \right]_{\alpha_2} \quad (21)$$

where  $d$  is introduced as the depth in place of  $h$

$$(\ )_t = \partial/\partial t$$

$$(\ )_{\alpha_1} = \partial/\partial \alpha_1$$

$$(\ )_{\alpha_2} = \partial/\partial \alpha_2$$

Equation 21 is the relation that is the subject of numerical approximation.

### Numerical Approximations

14. Schmalz (1983a, 1983b, 1983c) considered several alternate techniques for approximating Equation 21. The Flux Corrected Transport Scheme (FCT) was selected as the most accurate scheme and has been incorporated in the Waterways Experiment Station Implicit Flooding Model (WIFM). In addition a three time level explicit transport scheme was also incorporated in the model. A space staggered grid as shown in Figure 1 was employed in all of the formulations. The datum convention is presented in Figure 2.

15. Let us introduce the following notation as a prelude to the approximations. Define for an arbitrary variable  $F_{n,m}^k$ , where  $t = k\Delta t$ ,  $y = n\Delta y$ ,  $x = m\Delta x$ :

$$\delta_t^k(F_{n,m}^k) = F_{n,m}^{k+1/2} - F_{n,m}^k \quad (22a)$$

$$\delta_t^{k,k}(F_{n,m}^k) = F_{n,m}^{k+1} - F_{n,m}^k \quad (22b)$$

$$\delta_{\alpha_1}(F_{n,m}^k) = F_{n,m+1/2}^k - F_{n,m-1/2}^k \quad (22c)$$

$$\delta_{\alpha_2}(F_{n,m}^k) = F_{n+1/2,m}^k - F_{n-1/2,m}^k \quad (22d)$$

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{F_{n,m}} = \frac{(F_{n,m+1/2}^k + F_{n,m-1/2}^k)}{2} \quad (22e)$$

$$\frac{\alpha_2}{F_{n,m}} = \frac{(F_{n+1/2,m}^k + F_{n-1/2,m}^k)}{2} \quad (22f)$$

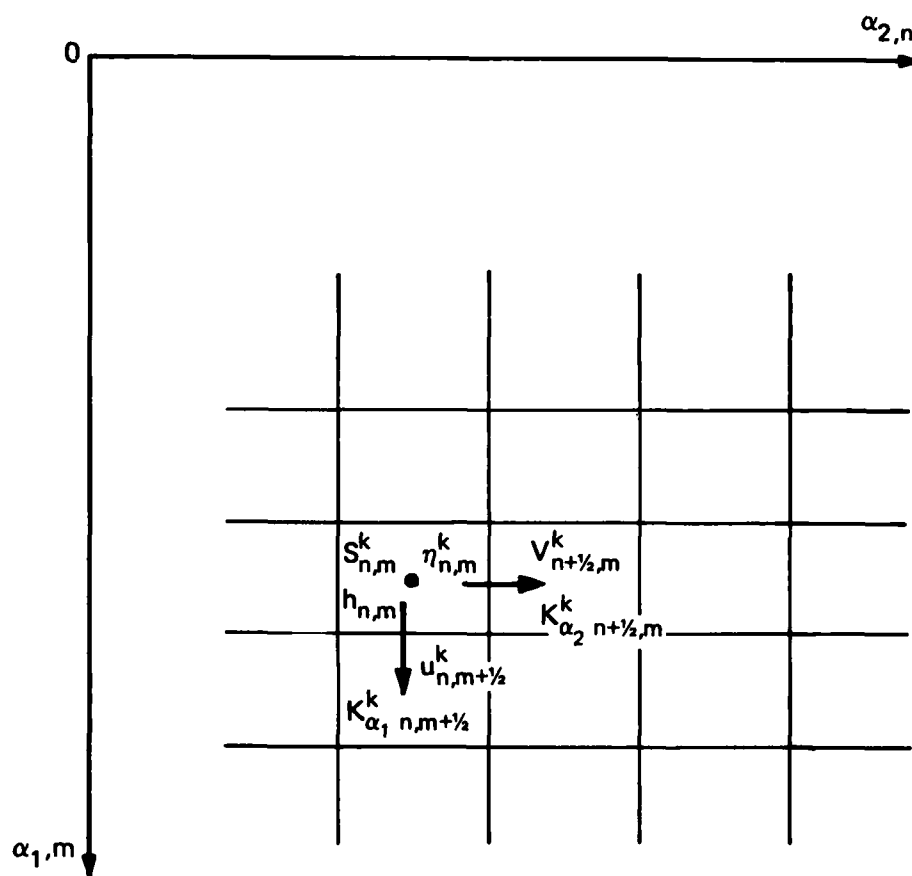


Figure 1. Space staggered finite difference grid in transformed coordinates

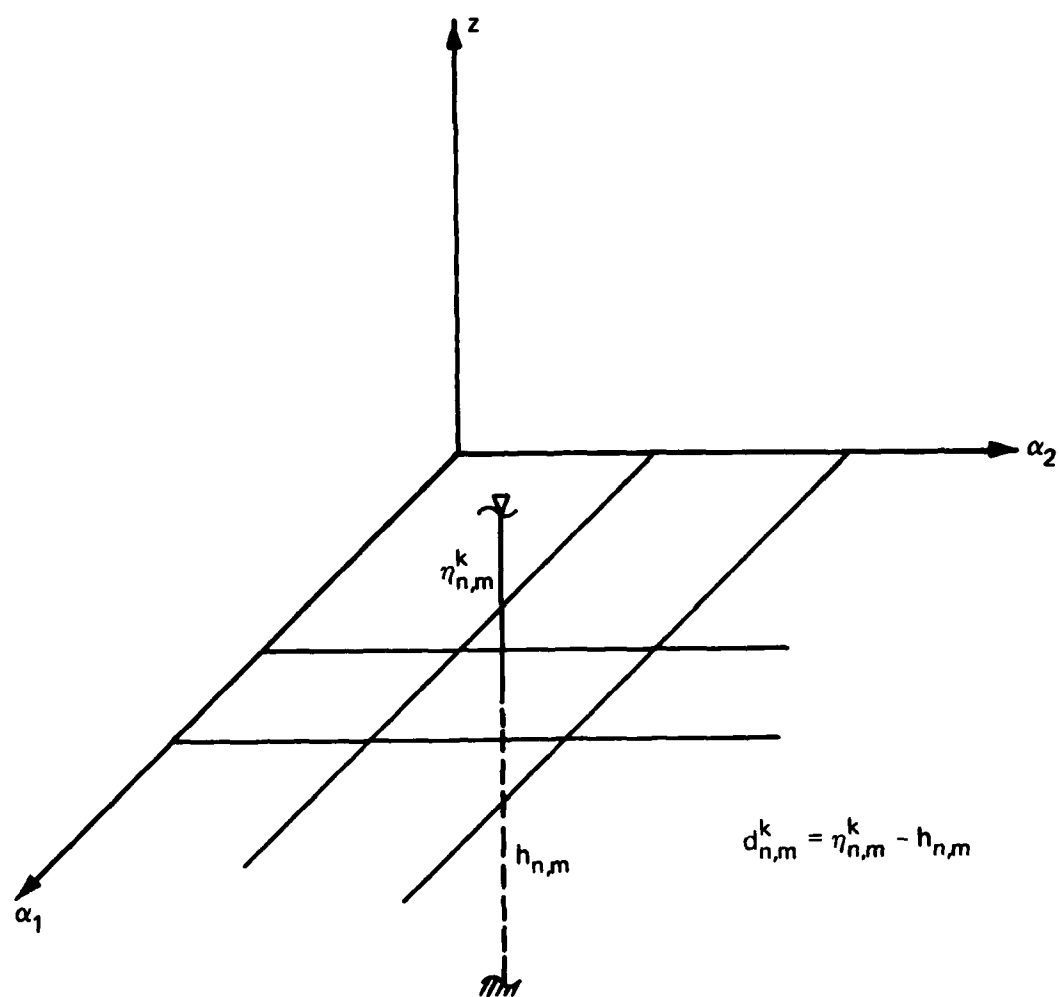


Figure 2. Datum convention employed within the space staggered grid system

### Flux-corrected transport scheme

16. Two schemes are used in implementing this approach: a lower order in space nonoscillatory scheme and a higher order in space scheme subject to oscillation. In the method implemented, two time level implicit multioperational ADI schemes were employed. The forward time upwind space (FTUS) and forward time centered space (FTCS) schemes were used as the lower and higher order in space schemes, respectively, and are discussed in turn below. Finally, the necessary flux correction procedures are developed.

17. Leendertse FTCS multioperational scheme. The following finite difference equation is considered as an approximation to the nonlinear transport equation (21):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \delta_{t(ds)}^k + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \delta_{\alpha_1} \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k+1 \frac{\alpha_1}{s} k+1 u k+1 + \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k \frac{\alpha_1}{s} k u k \right) \\
 & + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \delta_{\alpha_2} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k+1 \frac{\alpha_2}{s} k+1 v k+1 + \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k \frac{\alpha_2}{s} k v k \right) \\
 & - \frac{\Delta t}{2(\Delta\alpha_1)^2(\mu_1)_m} \delta_{\alpha_1} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k+1 K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^{k+1})}{(\mu_1)_m} + \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k K_{\alpha_1}^k \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^k)}{(\mu_1)_m} \right] \\
 & - \frac{\Delta t}{2(\Delta\alpha_2)^2(\mu_2)_n} \delta_{\alpha_2} \left[ \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k+1 K_{\alpha_2}^{k+1} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^{k+1})}{(\mu_2)_n} + \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k K_{\alpha_2}^k \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^k)}{(\mu_2)_n} \right] = 0 \quad \text{at } (n,m)
 \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

The solution of the above semi-implicit difference scheme requires the inversion of a large unbanded matrix. In order to reduce computational effort, the following ADI multioperational difference equations are used.

18. The approximations for the X-Sweep may now be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \delta_t^k(ds) + \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_1}}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1/2*}} \frac{\alpha_1}{s^{k+1/2*}} u^{k+1/2*} \right) \\
& - \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_1}}{2\Delta\alpha_1^2(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1/2*}} K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1/2*} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_m} \right] \\
& + \frac{\Delta t}{2(\mu_2)_n \Delta\alpha_2} \delta_{\alpha_2} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d^k} \frac{\alpha_2}{s^k v^k} \right) \\
& - \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_2}}{2\Delta\alpha_2^2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d^k} K_{\alpha_2}^k \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^k)}{(\mu_2)_n} \right] = 0 \quad \text{at } (n, m)
\end{aligned} \tag{24}$$

If we place all terms at time level  $k+1/2^*$  on the left-hand side of the equation and expand  $K_x \equiv K_{\alpha_1}$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (ds)_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{(\eta_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m+1} + \eta_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m})}{2} u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} \frac{(s_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} + s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*})}{2} \right. \\
& - \left. \frac{(\eta_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m-1} + \eta_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m})}{2} u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \frac{(s_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*} + s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*})}{2} \right] \\
& - \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_1^2(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{(\eta_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m+1} + \eta_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m})}{2} \frac{(s_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} - s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_{m+1/2}} K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1/2*} \right. \\
& - \left. \frac{(\eta_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m-1} + \eta_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - h_{n,m})}{2} \frac{(s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - s_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_{m-1/2}} K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1/2*} \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{25}$$

Collecting all terms in Equation 23 at time level  $k$  denoting the result as  $B_m$ , we obtain  $K_y \equiv K_{\alpha_2}$

$$\begin{aligned}
B_m = & (ds)_{n,m}^k - \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{(\eta_{n+1,m}^k - h_{n+1,m} + \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m})}{2} v_{n+1/2,m}^k \frac{(s_{n+1,m}^k + s_{n,m}^k)}{2} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{(\eta_{n-1,m}^k - h_{n-1,m} + \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m})}{2} v_{n-1/2,m}^k \frac{(s_{n-1,m}^k + s_{n,m}^k)}{2} \right] \\
& + \frac{\Delta t}{2(\mu_2)_n(\Delta\alpha_2)^2} \left[ \frac{(\eta_{n+1,m}^k - h_{n+1,m} + \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m})}{2} \frac{(s_{n+1,m}^k - s_{n,m}^k)}{(\mu_2)_{n+1/2}} k_{y_{n+1/2,m}}^k \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{(\eta_{n-1,m}^k - h_{n-1,m} + \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m})}{2} \frac{(s_{n,m}^k - s_{n-1,m}^k)}{(\mu_2)_{n-1/2}} k_{y_{n-1/2,m}}^k \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{26}$$

In Equation 25 we define  $-a_{n,m-1}$ ,  $a_{n,m+1}$ , and  $a_{n,m}$  as follows

$$-a_{n,m-1} = \frac{\Delta t \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2} + \frac{(K_x)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_{m-1/2}} \right] \tag{27}$$

$$a_{n,m+1} = \frac{\Delta t \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2} - \frac{(K_x)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_{m+1/2}} \right] \tag{28}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{n,m} = & d_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2} - \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2} \right] \\
& + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_1^2(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{dK_x} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{(\mu_1)_{m+1/2}} + \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{dK_x} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{(\mu_1)_{m-1/2}} \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{29}$$

19. Collecting all results we obtain the following interior equation for the X-Sweep

$$a_{n,m-1} s_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*} + a_{n,m} s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} + a_{n,m+1} s_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} = B_m \tag{30}$$

20. The approximations for the Y-Sweep may now be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_t^{k+1/2*} (ds) + \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_2}}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d^{k+1}} \frac{\alpha_2}{s^{k+1}} v^{k+1} \right) - \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_2}}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{\alpha_2}{d^{k+1}} K_{\alpha_2}^{k+1} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^{k+1})}{(\mu_2)_n} \right] \\ + \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_1}}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1/2*}} \frac{\alpha_1}{s^{k+1/2*}} u^{k+1/2*} \right) + \frac{\Delta t \delta_{\alpha_1}}{2\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1/2*}} K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1/2*} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_m} \right] = 0 \quad \text{at } (n,m) \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

Expanding Equation 31 by employing Equation 22 and collecting terms at time level  $k+1$  on the left-hand side and leaving terms at time level  $k+1/2^*$  on the right-hand side, the following interior equation for the Y-Sweep is obtained:

$$a_{n-1,m} s_{n-1,m}^{k+1} + a_{n,m} s_{n,m}^{k+1} + a_{n+1,m} s_{n+1,m}^{k+1} = B_n \quad (32)$$

where  $(K_x \equiv K_{\alpha_1}, K_y \equiv K_{\alpha_2})$

$$-a_{n-1,m} = \frac{\Delta t \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \right)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2} + \frac{(K_y)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_{n-1/2}} \right] \quad (33)$$

$$a_{n+1,m} = \frac{\Delta t \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \right)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2} - \frac{(K_y)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_{n+1/2}} \right] \quad (34)$$

$$a_{n,m} = d_{n,m}^{k+1} + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2} - \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n} \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dK_y} \right)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{(\mu_2)_{n+1/2}} + \frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dK_y} \right)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{(\mu_2)_{n-1/2}} \right] \quad (35)$$



$$B_n = (ds)_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - \frac{\Delta t}{2(\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1} \left[ \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} - \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \right] \\ + \frac{\Delta t}{2(\mu_1)_m (\Delta \alpha_1)^2} \left[ \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{dK_x} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} \frac{(s_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} - s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_{m+1/2}} - \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{dK_x} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \frac{(s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} - s_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*})}{(\mu_1)_{m-1/2}} \right] \quad (36)$$

21. Leendertse FTUS multioperational scheme. The following finite difference equation is considered as an approximation to the nonlinear transport equation (21):

$$\delta_t^k(ds) + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta \alpha_1 (\mu_1)_m} \delta_{\alpha_1} \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1}} \frac{u^{k+1}}{s_1} + \frac{\alpha_1}{d^k} \frac{u^k}{s_1} \right) \\ + \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta \alpha_2 (\mu_2)_n} \delta_{\alpha_2} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{d^{k+1}} \frac{v^{k+1}}{s_2} + \frac{\alpha_2}{d^k} \frac{v^k}{s_2} \right) \\ - \frac{\Delta t}{2(\Delta \alpha_1)^2 (\mu_1)_m} \delta_{\alpha_1} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d^{k+1}} K_{\alpha_1}^{k+1} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^{k+1})}{(\mu_1)_m} + \frac{\alpha_1}{d^k} K_{\alpha_1}^k \frac{\delta_{\alpha_1}(s^k)}{(\mu_1)_m} \right] \\ - \frac{\Delta t}{2(\Delta \alpha_2)^2 (\mu_2)_n} \delta_{\alpha_2} \left[ \frac{\alpha_2}{d^{k+1}} K_{\alpha_2}^{k+1} \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^{k+1})}{(\mu_2)_n} + \frac{\alpha_2}{d^k} K_{\alpha_2}^k \frac{\delta_{\alpha_2}(s^k)}{(\mu_2)_n} \right] = 0 \quad \text{at } (n,m) \quad (37)$$

22. The following upwind difference operators are used in the above equation and are defined at  $(n,m)$  as follows:

$$\frac{f^k}{s_1} = \begin{cases} s_{n,m-1/2}^k & f_{n,m}^k \geq 0 \\ s_{n,m+1/2}^k & f_{n,m}^k < 0 \end{cases} \\ \frac{f^k}{s_2} = \begin{cases} s_{n-1/2,m}^k & f_{n,m}^k \geq 0 \\ s_{n+1/2,m}^k & f_{n,m}^k < 0 \end{cases} \quad (38)$$

23. To effect the solution of this scheme, the inversion of an unbanded matrix is again required. Thus, an ADI scheme similar to the previous technique (upwind differencing is employed for the advective terms) is used. The necessary modifications for the X-Sweep are shown in Table 1 while those employed for the Y-Sweep are given in Table 2.

24. Flux correction procedures. If the factorization terms are ignored, the schemes above may be written in the following flux format:

$$d_{n,m}^{k+1} s_{n,m}^I = d_{n,m}^k s_{n,m}^k - [\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m \Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n]^{-1} \left( F_{n+1/2,m}^I - F_{n-1/2,m}^I + F_{n,m+1/2}^I - F_{n,m-1/2}^I \right) \quad (39)$$

$$\text{where } t = k\Delta t, \quad x = \sum_i (\mu_1)_i \Delta\alpha_1, \quad y = \sum_i (\mu_2)_i \Delta\alpha_2$$

$s_{n,m}^k \equiv$  concentration at location (n,m) at time level k

$\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m \equiv$  x space step at m

$\Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n \equiv$  y space step at n

I  $\equiv$  general index at time level k+1, which we set to H or L for the higher or lower scheme, respectively

$F_{n\pm 1/2,m\pm 1/2}^I \equiv$  fluxes through the appropriate cell faces of cell (n,m).  
Form is dependent upon the finite difference formulation

We observe from Equation 39 that the difference between the higher and lower order scheme at (n,m) may be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} (s_{n,m}^H - s_{n,m}^L) = & - [\Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m \Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n d_{n,m}^{k+1}]^{-1} \left[ (F_{n+1/2,m}^H - F_{n+1/2,m}^L) \right. \\ & - (F_{n-1/2,m}^H - F_{n-1/2,m}^L) + (F_{n,m+1/2}^H - F_{n,m+1/2}^L) \\ & \left. - (F_{n,m-1/2}^H - F_{n,m-1/2}^L) \right] \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

Note this difference may be expressed as an array of fluxes between adjacent grid points and is the condition required to effect the flux correction procedures as given by Zalesak (1979). We next develop the flux expressions for the higher ( $F^H$ ) and lower ( $F^L$ ) order schemes. In order to aid in notation, we make the following definition for an arbitrary variable, F :

Table 1  
X-Sweep Modifications FTUS

Equation	FTCS	FTUS
26	$\frac{(s_{n+1,m}^k + s_{n,m}^k)}{2}$	$s_{n,m}^k \quad v_{n+1/2,m}^k \geq 0$ $s_{n+1,m}^k \quad v_{n+1/2,m}^k < 0$
26	$\frac{(s_{n-1,m}^k + s_{n,m}^k)}{2}$	$s_{n-1,m}^k \quad v_{n-1/2,m}^k \geq 0$ $s_{n,m}^k \quad v_{n-1/2,m}^k < 0$
27	$\frac{u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2}$	$\max \left( 0, u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \right)$
28	$\frac{u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2}$	$\min \left( 0, u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} \right)$
29	$\frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2}$	$\max \left[ 0, \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} \right]$
29	$\frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}}{2}$	$\min \left[ 0, \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{du} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \right]$

Table 2  
Y-Sweep Modifications FTUS

Equation	FTCS	FTUS
33	$\frac{v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2}$	$\max \left( 0, v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1} \right)$
34	$\frac{v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2}$	$\min \left( 0, v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1} \right)$
35	$\frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2}$	$\max \left[ 0, \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1} \right]$
35	$\frac{\left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1}}{2}$	$\min \left[ 0, \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{dv} \right)_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1} \right]$
36	$\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right)_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*}$	$\frac{\alpha_1}{d}^{k+1/2*}_{n,m+1/2} s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} \geq 0$
		$\frac{\alpha_1}{d}^{k+1/2*}_{n,m+1/2} s_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2*} < 0$
36	$\left( \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right)_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*}$	$\frac{\alpha_1}{d}^{k+1/2*}_{n,m-1/2} s_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} \geq 0$
		$\frac{\alpha_1}{d}^{k+1/2*}_{n,m-1/2} s_{n,m}^{k+1/2*} u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2*} < 0$

$$F_{n,m}^{k+1/2} = \left( F_{n,m}^{k+1} + F_{n,m}^k \right) / 2 \quad (41)$$

25. For the higher order scheme we employ the FTCS scheme written in Equation 23 in which the factorization terms developed in the multioperational method are not shown. Equation 23 may be written in the form of Equation 39, where the total fluxes are presented as the sum of advective and diffusive fluxes.

26. From Equation 23 one then obtains for the advective fluxes:

$$F_{n+1/2,m}^H = v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 \left[ \left( \frac{S^H + S^k}{2} \right)_{n+1,m} d_{n+1,m}^{k+1/2} + \left( \frac{S^H + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \right] / 2 \quad (42)$$

$$F_{n,m+1/2}^H = u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 \left[ \left( \frac{S^H + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m+1} d_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2} + \left( \frac{S^H + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \right] / 2 \quad (43)$$

The diffusive fluxes are then given by the following relations

( $K_x \equiv K_{\alpha_1}$ ,  $K_y \equiv K_{\alpha_1}$ ):

$$F_{n+1/2,m}^H = +K_y^{k+1/2} \frac{\Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1}{2} \times \frac{\left[ (S^H + S^k)_{n,m} - (S^H + S^k)_{n+1,m} \right] (d_{n+1,m}^{k+1/2} + d_{n,m}^{k+1/2})}{\Delta \alpha_2 (\mu_2)_{n+1/2} 2} \quad (44)$$

$$F_{n,m+1/2}^{H_0} = \pm K_{x_{n,m+1/2}}^{k+1/2} \frac{\Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2}{2} \times \frac{\left[ (S^H + S^k)_{n,m} - (S^H + S^k)_{n,m+1} \right] \left( d_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2} + d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \right)}{\Delta \alpha_1 (\mu_1)_{m+1/2} 2} \quad (45)$$

27. For the lower order scheme, the FTUS scheme written in Equation 37 is employed. Factorization terms generated by the multioperational method are not considered. Equation 37 is written in the form of Equation 39. The total fluxes are presented as the sum of advective and diffusive fluxes.

28. From Equation 37 one obtains the following set of advective fluxes:

$$F_{n+1/2,m}^{L_A} = \begin{cases} v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \geq 0 & v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \\ v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1/2} < 0 & v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n+1,m} d_{n+1,m}^{k+1/2} \end{cases} \quad (46)$$

$$F_{n-1/2,m}^{L_A} = \begin{cases} v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \geq 0 & v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n-1,m} d_{n-1,m}^{k+1/2} \\ v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1/2} < 0 & v_{n-1/2,m}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \end{cases} \quad (47)$$

$$F_{n,m+1/2}^{L_A} = \begin{cases} u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2} \geq 0 & u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \\ u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2} < 0 & u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m+1} d_{n,m+1}^{k+1/2} \end{cases} \quad (48)$$

$$F_{n,m-1/2}^{L_A} = \begin{cases} u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2} \geq 0 & u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m-1} d_{n,m-1}^{k+1/2} \\ u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2} < 0 & u_{n,m-1/2}^{k+1/2} \Delta t (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 \left( \frac{S^L + S^k}{2} \right)_{n,m} d_{n,m}^{k+1/2} \end{cases} \quad (49)$$

The diffusive fluxes are obtained from Equations 44 and 45 with  $H$  replaced by  $L$ .

29. The antidiffusive fluxes are then computed as follows:

$$A_{n\pm 1/2,m} = F_{n\pm 1/2,m}^H - F_{n\pm 1/2,m}^L + F_{n\pm 1/2,m}^{H_0} - F_{n\pm 1/2,m}^{L_0} \quad (50)$$

$$A_{n,m\pm 1/2} = F_{n,m\pm 1/2}^H - F_{n,m\pm 1/2}^L + F_{n,m\pm 1/2}^{H_0} - F_{n,m\pm 1/2}^{L_0} \quad (51)$$

In computing the difference between the diffusive fluxes (third and fourth terms in the above expressions), note that the terms with  $S_{n,m}^k$  may be completely eliminated.

30. Next the maximum and minimum cell values are determined:

$$S_{n,m}^a = \max(S_{n,m}^k, S_{n,m}^L) \quad S_{n,m}^b = \min(S_{n,m}^k, S_{n,m}^L) \quad (52)$$

$$S_{n,m}^{\max} = \max(S_{n-1,m}^a, S_{n,m}^a, S_{n+1,m}^a, S_{n,m-1}^a, S_{n,m+1}^a) \quad (53)$$

$$S_{n,m}^{\min} = \min(S_{n-1,m}^b, S_{n,m}^b, S_{n+1,m}^b, S_{n,m-1}^b, S_{n,m+1}^b) \quad (54)$$

31. Next the sum of all antidiffusive fluxes into cell  $(n,m)$ ,  $P_{n,m}^+$ , is determined:

$$P_{n,m}^+ = \max(0, A_{n-1/2,m}) - \min(0, A_{n+1/2,m}) \\ + \max(0, A_{n,m-1/2}) - \min(0, A_{n,m+1/2}) \quad (55)$$

The maximum allowable mass into the cell,  $Q_{n,m}^+$ , is then computed as follows:

$$Q_{n,m}^+ = (S_{n,m}^{\max} - S_{n,m}^L) [(\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 d_{n,m}^{k+1}] \quad (56)$$

32. Similarly, the sum of all antidiffusive fluxes out of cell  $(n,m)$ ,  $P_{n,m}^-$ , is determined:

$$P_{n,m}^- = \max(0, A_{n+1/2,m}) - \min(0, A_{n-1/2,m}) \\ + \max(0, A_{n,m+1/2}) - \min(0, A_{n,m-1/2}) \quad (57)$$

The maximum allowable mass to leave the cell,  $Q_{n,m}^-$ , is then computed:

$$Q_{n,m}^- = (S_{n,m}^L - S_{n,m}^{\min}) \left[ (\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1 (\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2 d_{n,m}^{k+1} \right] \quad (58)$$

33. The following ratios are next computed for use in determining the limiting coefficients:

$$R_{n,m}^+ = \begin{cases} \min(1, Q_{n,m}^+ / P_{n,m}^+) & P_{n,m}^+ > 0 \\ 0 & P_{n,m}^+ = 0 \end{cases} \quad (59)$$

$$R_{n,m}^- = \begin{cases} \min(1, Q_{n,m}^- / P_{n,m}^-) & P_{n,m}^- > 0 \\ 0 & P_{n,m}^- = 0 \end{cases} \quad (60)$$

The limiting coefficients are then given by

$$C_{n+1/2,m} = \begin{cases} \min(R_{n+1,m}^+, R_{n,m}^-) & A_{n+1/2,m} \geq 0 \\ \min(R_{n,m}^+, R_{n+1,m}^-) & A_{n+1/2,m} < 0 \end{cases} \\ C_{n,m+1/2} = \begin{cases} \min(R_{n,m+1}^+, R_{n,m}^-) & A_{n,m+1/2} \geq 0 \\ \min(R_{n,m}^+, R_{n,m+1}^-) & A_{n,m+1/2} < 0 \end{cases} \quad (61)$$



34. The antidiffusive fluxes in Equations 50 and 51 are limited by multiplying by the limiting coefficients and the solution is advanced to the next time level:

$$S_{n,m}^{k+1} = S_{n,m}^L - \left[ \Delta\alpha_1(\mu_1)_m \Delta\alpha_2(\mu_2)_n d_{n,m}^{k+1} \right]^{-1} C_{n+1/2,m} A_{n+1/2,m} - C_{n-1/2,m} A_{n-1/2,m} + C_{n,m+1/2} A_{n,m+1/2} - C_{n,m-1/2} A_{n,m-1/2} \quad (62)$$

We observe that for  $C_{n+1/2,m} = C_{n,m\pm 1/2} = 0$ ,  $S_{n,m}^{k+1} = S_{n,m}^L$  and for

$$C_{n\pm 1/2,m} = C_{n,m\pm 1/2} = 1.0, \quad S_{n,m}^{k+1} = S_{n,m}^H.$$

35. The coding of the flux corrected transport procedures is presented in Subroutine CONC in Appendix A.

#### Three time level explicit scheme

36. In order to avoid the averaging of hydrodynamic quantities, which is performed when employing a two time level transport scheme with a three time level velocity scheme, a three time level explicit scheme is considered.

37. It is instructive to observe the form of the continuity equation employed in the multioperational hydrodynamic scheme.

X-Sweep:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2\Delta t} (\eta^* - \eta^{k-1})_{n,m} + \frac{1}{2(\mu_1)_m \Delta\alpha_1} \left[ (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \Big|_{n,m+1/2} - (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \Big|_{n,m-1/2} \right] \\ + \frac{1}{(\mu_2)_n \Delta\alpha_2} \left[ v^{k-1} \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n+1/2,m} - v^{k-1} \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n-1/2,m} \right] = 0 \quad \text{at } (n,m) \end{aligned} \quad (63)$$

with

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{d}_{n,m\pm 1/2} = d_{n,m\pm 1}^k + d_{n,m}^k$$

$$\frac{\alpha_2}{d}_{n\pm 1/2,m} = d_{n\pm 1,m}^k + d_{n,m}^k$$

and

$$d_{n,m}^k = \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m}$$

Y-Sweep:

$$\frac{1}{2\Delta t} (\eta_{n,m}^{k+1} - \eta_{n,m}^*) + \frac{1}{2(\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2} \left[ (v^{k+1} - v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n+1/2,m} - (v^{k+1} - v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n-1/2,m} \right] = 0 \quad (64)$$

at (n,m)

where

$\Delta t \equiv$  time step length

$\eta^* \equiv$  water surface elevation at intermediate time level \*

$\eta_{n,m}^{k\pm 1} \equiv$  water surface elevation at time level  $k\pm 1$  at cell (n,m)

$\Delta \alpha_1 \equiv \alpha_1$  space increment

$\Delta \alpha_2 \equiv \alpha_2$  space increment

$u_{n,m+1/2}^{k+1} \equiv x - \alpha_1$  velocity component at time level  $k+1$  at cell (n,m)

$u_{n,m+1/2}^{k-1} \equiv x - \alpha_1$  velocity component at time level  $k-1$  at cell (n,m)

$v_{n+1/2,m}^{k+1} \equiv y - \alpha_2$  velocity component at time level  $k+1$  at cell (n,m)

$v_{n+1/2,m}^{k-1} \equiv y - \alpha_2$  velocity component at time level  $k-1$  at cell (n,m)

$d_{n,m}^k \equiv$  water depth at time level  $k$  at cell (n,m)

If we eliminate the intermediate level  $\eta^*$ ; e.g., solve for  $\eta^*$  in Equation 63 and substitute in Equation 64, we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\eta_{n,m}^{k+1} - \eta_{n,m}^{k-1})}{2\Delta t} + \frac{1}{2(\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1} \left[ (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \Big|_{n,m+1/2} - (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} \Big|_{n,m-1/2} \right] \\ & + \frac{1}{2(\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2} \left[ (v^{k+1} + v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n+1/2,m} - (v^{k+1} + v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} \Big|_{n-1/2,m} \right] = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (65)$$

at (n,m)

Since  $d_{n,m}^k = \eta_{n,m}^k - h_{n,m}$ , Equation 65 is a full three time level scheme.

In order to develop a three time level volume consistent transport scheme, we associate in the advective terms  $d_{n,m}^k S_{n,m}^k \equiv d_{n,m}^k$ ; e.g.,

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d_{n,m}^{k+1} S_{n,m}^{k+1} - d_{n,m}^{k-1} S_{n,m}^{k-1})}{2\Delta t} + \frac{1}{2(\mu_1)_m \Delta \alpha_1} \left[ (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right]_{n,m+1/2} - (u^{k+1} + u^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k \frac{\alpha_1}{s} \right]_{n,m-1/2} \\
& + \frac{1}{2(\mu_2)_n \Delta \alpha_2} \left[ (v^{k+1} + v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k \frac{\alpha_2}{s} \right]_{n+1/2,m} - (v^{k+1} + v^{k-1}) \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k \frac{\alpha_2}{s} \right]_{n-1/2,m} \\
& = + \frac{1}{(\mu_1)_m (\Delta \alpha_1)^2} \left[ \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k^{-1} k_{\alpha_1}^{k-1} \right]_{n,m+1/2} \frac{(S_{n,m+1}^{k-1} - S_{n,m}^{k-1})}{(\mu_1)_{m+1/2}} - \frac{\alpha_1}{d} k^{-1} k_{\alpha_1}^{k-1} \right]_{n,m-1/2} \frac{(S_{n,m}^{k-1} - S_{n,m-1}^{k-1})}{(\mu_1)_{m-1/2}} \\
& + \frac{1}{(\mu_2)_n (\Delta \alpha_2)^2} \left[ \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k^{-1} k_{\alpha_2}^{k-1} \right]_{n+1/2,m} \frac{(S_{n+1,m}^{k-1} - S_{n,m}^{k-1})}{(\mu_2)_{n+1/2}} - \frac{\alpha_2}{d} k^{-1} k_{\alpha_2}^{k-1} \right]_{n-1/2,m} \frac{(S_{n,m}^{k-1} - S_{n-1,m}^{k-1})}{(\mu_2)_{n-1/2}}
\end{aligned} \tag{66}$$

38. The stability properties of the above scheme were investigated for the range of conditions to be simulated in Mississippi Sound. The scheme was stable over this range of flow conditions. Details may be found in Schmalz (1984). The coding of the three time level scheme is presented in Subroutine CONCE in Appendix A.

#### Dispersion coefficient formulation

39. To close the numerical approximations to the two-dimensional, depth-averaged transport equation, relations for the effective dispersion coefficients may be developed in terms of flow field properties.

40. The effective dispersion coefficients are assumed to have the following form:

$$K_x^* = C_x \sqrt{g} \frac{|u|h}{C} + D_x ; \quad K_y^* = C_y \sqrt{g} \frac{|v|h}{C} + D_y \tag{67}$$

where

$K_x^*, K_y^* \equiv$  effective dispersion coefficients in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively

$g \equiv$  acceleration due to gravity

$u, v \equiv$  velocity components in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively

$h \equiv$  water depth

$C \equiv$  Chezy coefficient

$C_x, C_y \equiv$  dispersion factors in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively

$D_x, D_y \equiv$  dispersion offsets due to wind effects in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively ( $D_x, D_y > 0$ )

For a unidirectional flow in an infinitely wide channel in the  $x$ -direction, Elder (1959) found  $C_x = 5.93$  and  $C_y = 0.23$ . Harleman et al. (1959) has converted Taylor's result (1954) for pipe flow and determined  $C_x = 14.3\sqrt{2}$ . In attempting to apply these results to a two-dimensional flow problem the following approach is employed. Initially,  $C_x$ ,  $C_y$ ,  $D_x$ , and  $D_y$  are specified by the user as model input. The cell face conditions for each cell are examined independently in each coordinate direction. For a no-flux cell face condition,  $C_x$  or  $C_y$  and  $D_x$  or  $D_y$  are set to zero. For a standard flow condition, the advective flag system is examined to determine if the flow is restricted in the  $x$ - or  $y$ -direction. If the flow is restricted,  $C_x$  or  $C_y$  is reduced by a user-specified factor.

### PART III: MODEL INPUT REQUIREMENTS

41. The constituent transport schemes are included with the hydrodynamics as separate subroutines in WIFM-SAL. Therefore, the model user must also be concerned with both the hydrodynamic input requirements as well as those of the transport computations. The complete input requirements for WIFM-SAL are presented in Appendix B and consist of 29 separate card groups. Constituent transport input requirements consist of the following categories:

- a. Constituent Simulation Control.
- b. Boundary Condition Control.
- c. Boundary Condition Data.
- d. Wind Data.
- e. Constituent Initial Condition Data.
- f. Dispersion Coefficient Data.
- g. Output Control.

Each category will be discussed in detail below with reference to the appropriate card groups contained in Appendix B.

#### Constituent Simulation Control

42. This data group is contained in Card Group 2a. The model user sets  $ISAL = 1$  to consider constituent transport in conjunction with the hydrodynamics. The desired transport scheme is selected by specifying  $ISALS$ . For  $ISALS = 1$ , the FCT scheme is employed, while for  $ISALS = 2$ , the full three time level explicit scheme is used. Constituent transport computations are initiated  $ISALC$  time steps after the start of the hydrodynamic computations. The user may set  $ISALC \neq 0$  in order to allow for the hydrodynamic computations to be free from initial condition effects before considering constituent transport.  $C_{MAX}$  and  $XMS$  are self-explanatory.

#### Boundary Condition Control

43. This data group is contained in Card Groups 3a and 3b. In Card Group 3a the user specifies the number of tidal elevation signals specified by tidal constituents. For a simulation over a global grid,  $NGLOB = 0$ , and  $NTI$  is specified as the number of tidal boundary (water surface elevation and

constituent level) signals along the seaward boundary used for interpolation. For a simulation over a refined grid,  $NTI = 0$ , and  $NGLOB$  is specified as the number of previously saved tidal signals (water surface elevations and constituent levels) generated from a global grid simulation to be used for cell-centered interpolation along the boundary of the refined grid.

44. In Card Group 3b, the user specifies the grid indices for the grid employed in the current simulation where the known tidal signals are available.

#### Boundary Condition Data

45. Boundary condition format is specified in Card Group 3. The user specifies  $ITID$  as the number of entries in the tidal (elevation and constituents level) input and/or flow (discharge and constituent level) input data tables. The number of time steps between entries in these tables is common and is specified as  $JTID$ .

46. In Card Groups 20c and 21b, the constituent levels associated with tidal and flow inputs are specified, respectively.

#### Wind Data

47. Detailed requirements will not be discussed here. Let it suffice to say that wind conditions may want to be considered when simulating constituent transport. The pertinent input variables requiring specification are as follows:

- a.  $WA$ ,  $THETA$  in Card Group 4.
- b.  $NTABLE$  in Card Group 5.
- c.  $WAT_i$ ,  $THAT_i$  in Card Group 6 (optional depending on wind format).

#### Constituent Initial Condition Data

48. In Card Group 13a, the user specifies a single format or combination of formats to be used for specifying the constituent initial condition.  $IDEPH$  specifies the number of depth intervals used to interpolate based upon depth. If  $IDEPH \neq 0$ , a set of initial constituent levels  $TMP_N$  are associated with depth values  $D_{N,1}$  as specified in Card Group 13b.  $IFIELD$

specifies the number of patches in which initial levels will be specified on a cell-by-cell basis. If  $IFIELD \neq 0$ , the limits of patch and the individual cell constituent levels are specified in turn for each patch in Card Group 13c. IZONE specifies that a number of zones in which the initial constituent level will be a constant will be assumed. If  $IZONE \neq 0$ , the number of zones, the limits of the zone, and the constant value of initial constituent level for the zone are specified in Card Group 13d.

49. There is considerable flexibility in specifying initial constituent levels. Each format may be used individually or to override the previous format. For example, the user may specify the initial conditions using depth interpolation. In selected areas of the grid where detailed information is available, the patch concept can be used to override the depth interpolation. In still different areas of the grid, the zone concept can be used to specify a uniform level.

#### Dispersion Coefficient Data

50. Dispersion factors and offsets due to wind effects are specified in turn for each coordinate direction in a zone format as shown in Card Group 13e.

51. The reduction factor applied to the dispersion factors in cases of flow restriction is specified in Card Group 17b.

#### Output Control

52. Snapshots of the entire constituent field are printed after completion of up to 32 user-specified time steps during the simulation. Time step completion data are read in Card Group 7 in the NPRINT array.

53. Alternatively, the user may examine constituent level histories at NGAGE locations at NFREQ time step intervals as specified in Card Group 5. The NGAGE locations are specified in terms of the grid indices in Card Group 8.

#### PART IV: APPLICATION TO MISSISSIPPI SOUND

54. Both the FCT and the three time level schemes have been applied to the study of salinity distributions in Mississippi Sound by Schmalz (1984). The schemes were exercised on a global grid and also over a local refined grid. Wind sensitivity results for both grid applications are presented in turn below.

##### Global Grid Results

55. The horizontal salinity distribution was simulated within Mississippi Sound and adjacent areas employing an exponentially stretched global grid as shown in Figure 3. This grid employs  $115 \times 59 = 6785$  cells. Maximum spatial resolution (approximately 3500 ft\*) is obtained in the passes into Mississippi Sound. Depths within Mississippi Sound are relatively shallow (10-20 ft), except in the navigation channels, which are normally maintained at 30 to 35 ft. As a result, the gravity wave speed within the Sound is less than 38 fps, resulting in an explicit time step limit of approximately 100 sec. All simulation employed a 360-sec (6 min) time step, resulting in a maximum spatial Courant number of less than 4 within the Sound.

56. Hydrodynamics and salinity conditions over the period 20-24 Sep 1980 were simulated. Water surface elevations along the seaward boundary were obtained from a Gulf Tide Model developed by Reid and Whitaker (1981). Salinity transect data were available on 20 and 21 September. These values were located on the global grid and two rectangular areas were set up in which salinity values were visually interpolated from the located transect values. National Marine Fisheries data were obtained for cruises No. 106 (Apr 1980) and No. 112 (Nov 1980) of the OREGON II. These data provided a general understanding of salinity patterns in the vicinity of the Mississippi Delta. A deep sea vertically averaged value of 36 ppt was employed.

57. Initial conditions were assigned in a three step process as shown in Table 3. In step one, values were assigned based on cell water depth. In step two, salinity values were specified within Mississippi Sound based on salinity transect data. In step three, initial salinity values within

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\* A table of factors for converting U. S. customary units of measurement to metric (SI) is presented on page 3.





Lake Borgne were specified in a zone format. In this process, each succeeding step overrides the previous step values.

Table 3  
Initial Salinity Conditions on the Global Grid

<u>Water Depth</u> <u>ft</u>	<u>Initial Salinity</u> <u>Value, ppt</u>
0-10	22.0
10-20	23.0
20-30	25.0
30-50	30.0
50-75	34.0
75-100	34.3
100-120	34.5
120-200	35.0
200-300	35.5
300-500	36.0

Salinity Grid-Cell-by-Grid-Cell Interpolated Limits

<u>Patch</u>	<u>Global Grid Cell Range</u>	
	<u>N</u>	<u>M</u>
1	15-27	19-39
2	28-87	15-32

Salinity Zone Specified Initial Conditions

<u>Zone</u>	<u>Global Grid Cell Range</u>		<u>Salinity</u> <u>ppt</u>
	<u>N</u>	<u>M</u>	
1	1-15	33-50	15

58. Salinity boundary conditions which remained constant over time are shown in Table 4. A cell-centered spatial interpolation similar to that employed for water surface elevations was used to determine salinity values along the seaward boundary.

Table 4  
Global Grid Boundary Salinity Conditions

<u>Tidal Signal</u>	<u>Global Grid Cell</u>	<u>Salinity Value, ppt</u>
1	(115,58)	36
2	(115,56)	36
3	(115,50)	36
4	(115,37)	36
5	(115,22)	34
6	(31,59)	30
7	(42,59)	36
8	(57,59)	36
9	(73,59)	36
10	(87,59)	36
11	(103,59)	36
12	(110,59)	36
13	(112,59)	36
14	(115,59)	36
<u>Freshwater Inflow</u>		
1	(97,3)	0
2	(59,19)	24
3	(59,17)	24
4	(13,33)	15
5	(19,20)	17
6	(32,15)	23

59. Wind data reported by Raytheon Ocean Systems (1981) over the period are presented in Table 5. The spatially averaged wind speeds and directions shown were lagged 6 hr in order to investigate model sensitivity to wind. A constant drag coefficient equal to 0.001 was used in the computations.

60. A total of 1200 time steps were used to simulate 120 hr of prototype time. Wind information input at 6-hr intervals was interpolated in time at each time step. Both salinity schemes were considered. The scheme 1 FCT results and the scheme 2 three time level results are shown in Table 6. The following previously calibrated effective dispersion coefficients are employed:

$$C_x = C_y = 10$$

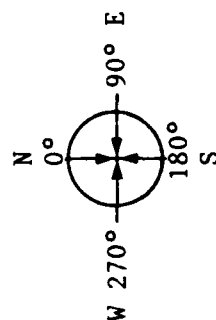
$$D_x = D_y = 0$$

$$\text{Reduction factor} = 0.0388$$

Table 5

Wind Data for 20-24 Sep

Julian Day	GMT Hour	MET 1		MET 3		MET 4		MET 5		Average Speed/Direction
		Speed	Direction	Speed	Direction	Speed	Direction	Speed	Direction	
264	24	4.9	123	12.5	110	9.1	114	12.0	103	9.6/112
	6	4.3	156	4.6	154	7.4	162	12.8	156	7.3/157
	12	4.1	154	3.4	46	3.1	122	10.3	100	5.2/105
	18	5.1	135	8.3	152	7.4	142	9.7	134	7.6/141
	24	4.7	145	6.8	156	4.5	157	7.3	152	5.8/152
265	6	4.7	141	9.3	148	7.8	142	13.3	163	8.7/148
	12	6.1	192	3.7	195	3.2	160	6.6	138	4.9/171
	18	4.8	130	8.1	158	6.5	135	6.6	144	6.5/142
	24	5.8	153	9.0	153	6.3	160	7.9	168	7.2/158
	6	11.1	167	8.1	160	5.0	163	8.1	153	8.0/161
266	12	7.1	176	4.0	184	3.7	162	7.3	148	5.5/167
	18	4.6	153	7.0	170	6.0	102	6.2	143	5.9/142
	24	6.9	154	8.9	165	6.6	167	8.0	177	7.6/166
	6	7.0	172	4.9	181	3.0	164	3.8	171	4.6/172
	12	3.4	35	6.2	357	2.8	15	1.4	31	3.4/27
267	18	4.7	123	8.7	147	9.1	87	3.9	77	6.6/108
	24	5.6	159	7.5	163	5.7	162	8.2	157	6.7/160
	6	8.2	180	6.8	176	5.1	166	9.6	158	7.4/170
	12	2.9	147	4.1	73	3.7	161	6.2	166	4.2/137
	18	3.6	188	8.3	184	4.5	238	4.3	193	5.1/201
268	24	5.2	154	7.5	156	5.4	145	8.9	156	6.7/153



Note: MET 2 was nonfunctioning this period.  
 MET 3 and MET 1 are "land" stations.  
 MET 4 and MET 5 are "island" stations.  
 Speed (MPH).  
 Direction (Magnetic).

Table 6  
Global Grid Wind Sensitivity Simulation

Transect Station	Global Grid Cell	20/21 Sep 1980		24 Sep 1980		
		Measured	Initial Condition	Measured	Computed	
					1	2
T26	(15,39)	16.0	16.0	14.2	19.8	20.2
T30	(16,35)	17.0	17.0	17.2	17.4	18.4
T28	(16,38)	17.3	17.0	15.1	17.8	17.9
T32	(18,33)	17.5	17.0	17.6	17.8	17.8
T24	(18,38)	19.2	19.0	19.3	20.2	20.0
T34	(20,31)	19.2	19.0	19.5	19.3	19.4
T22	(21,35)	23.7	24.0	21.8	23.7	24.1
T36	(23,29)	21.8	22.0	21.1	21.3	20.7
T20	(24,33)	24.9	25.0	24.1	25.3	25.3
T38	(26,29)	22.0	22.0	23.1	22.2	25.8
T40	(27,24)	22.4	22.0	21.0	22.3	22.4
T18	(27,33)	26.8	27.0	25.7	24.4	23.3
T42	(29,26)	23.7	24.0	23.0	23.1	23.1
T6	(29,20)	24.0	24.0	23.8	24.1	24.1
T8	(31,23)	24.8	25.0	23.9	25.0	25.2
T10	(32,26)	25.6	26.0	25.0	24.9	25.0
T12	(33,29)	27.3	27.0	25.5	25.5	25.5
T4	(34,23)	25.2	25.0	23.9	24.5	24.3
T14	(34,31)	28.3	28.0	27.1	25.5	24.4
T16	(34,32)	28.3	28.0	26.8	26.1	26.0
T2	(40,27)	26.1	26.0	25.6	26.1	26.4
T44	(49,21)	23.6	24.0	23.4	25.2	25.3
T46	(49,24)	26.9	27.0	26.2	25.9	25.5
T48	(49,27)	28.2	28.0	27.8	27.3	28.1
T50	(49,29)	28.3	28.0	28.7	27.4	27.2
T52	(53,25)	26.3	26.0	26.7	26.1	26.1
T54	(57,28)	27.3	27.0	27.6	28.9	28.9
T64	(59,21)	27.7	28.0	27.5	27.6	28.4
T62	(60,23)	28.5	28.0	26.8	27.9	28.3
T66	(62,22)	27.3	27.0	27.7	26.9	26.7
T60	(62,24)	28.1	28.0	29.1	27.2	27.2
T58	(62,28)	29.1	29.0	29.6	28.2	28.0
T56	(62,32)	29.7	30.0	30.3	30.1	29.5
T68	(67,26)	27.9	28.0	27.5*	28.1	28.2
T70	(71,28)	28.4	28.0	29.9*	28.2	28.1
T74	(75,26)	28.1	28.0	--	28.4	28.3
T72	(75,30)	28.7	29.0	28.5*	26.2	26.8
T76	(76,25)	26.6	27.0	--	28.2	28.1
T78	(81,25)	22.5	22.0	--	22.4	22.6
T80	(86,25)	22.9	23.0	--	22.6	22.9

\* 28 Sep 1980.

In regions of the Sound, the scheme 1 and scheme 2 results are nearly identical and are in agreement with the calibration simulation and measured salinity values. However, in the vicinity of the upper Mobile Bay freshwater inflow, the results diverge as shown in Table 7. The scheme 1 results are nonnegative and exhibit no oscillations. The scheme 2 results exhibit oscillations behind the freshwater front.

#### Refined Grid Results

61. In order to investigate the salinity distribution in the vicinity of the Pascagoula Channel, the refined grid shown in Figure 4 was developed. This grid employs  $49 \times 28 = 1372$  cells. Maximum spatial resolution of 300 ft is employed to represent the navigation channels. The configuration of the channel system is idealized in the grid in order to reduce the number of grid cells. A 60-sec time step was used, resulting in a maximum spatial Courant number of less than 8 within the grid system.

62. The 20-24 Sep 1980 period with 6-hr lagged wind considered on the global grid was studied on the refined grid. The salinity values computed in the global grid scheme 1 FCT simulation were saved and interpolated temporally and spatially to provide the boundary conditions for the refined grid simulation. Initial conditions over the refined grid were determined from transect data and input cell by cell. Zero salinity values for the Pascagoula River System were input for cells (8,1) and (16,1) in order to establish a freshwater front.

63. A time step of 60 sec was employed 7200 times in order to simulate 120 hr of prototype time. Wind information input at 6-hr intervals from Table 5 was interpolated in time at each time step. The scheme 1 FCT scheme was selected based upon its superior performance on the global grid. Wind lagged simulation results using the calibrated effective dispersion coefficients in paragraph 60 are nearly identical to the calibration simulation results and correspond to measured values as shown in Table 8. In order to obtain an estimate of the freshwater influence and movement of the front, the salinity field at the end of the simulation is shown in Table 9. Note the scheme 1 results are nonnegative and exhibit no oscillation. The flow pattern in the vicinity of the freshwater inflow at (16,1) is extremely complex. The averaging processes employed in coupling the two time level scheme 1 FCT with

### Upper Mobile Bay Simulation Results in the Global Grid After 120 Hr

### Scheme 1 (Flux Corrected Transport)

[illegible]

Scheme 2 (Explicit Three Time Level)

[illegible]

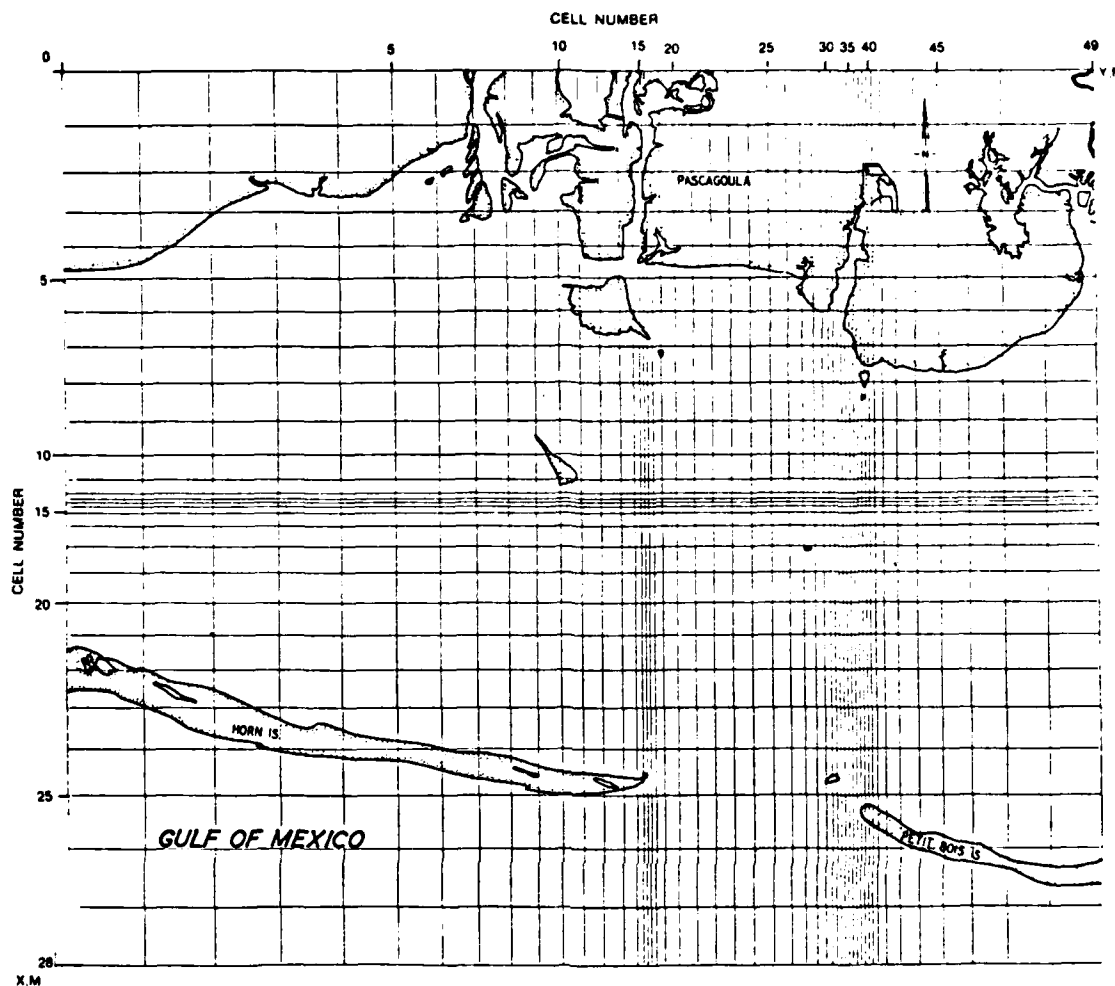


Figure 4. Pascagoula Channel System refined grid

Table 8  
Refined Grid Wind Sensitivity Simulation

Transect Station	Refined Grid Cell	20/21 Sep 1980		24 Sep 1980	
		Measured	Initial Condition	Measured	Computed Scheme 1
T54	(8,22)	27.3	27.0	27.6	28.8
T64	(17,6)	27.7	28.0	27.5	28.3
T62	(24,9)	28.5	29.0	26.8	27.7
T66	(31,7)	27.3	27.0	27.7	27.9
T60	(33,7)	28.1	27.0	29.1	27.8
T58	(36,23)	29.1	29.0	29.6	27.7
T56	(34,26)	29.7	30.0	30.3	28.0
T68	(49,19)	27.9	28.0	27.5*	28.0

\* 28 Sep 1980.



### Pascagoula River Vicinity Simulation Results After 120 Hr on the Refined Grid

Scheme 1 (Flux Corrected Transport)[illegible]

the three time level hydrodynamics may contribute to the unusual distribution over cells (15-17,1). These effects are usually local and the two time level scheme 1 FCT resolves the edge of the freshwater front. Additional research is warranted to flux-correct scheme 2 thereby eliminating the above averaging of hydrodynamic variables necessary in scheme 1.

64. The input data for this simulation are presented in Appendix C. Typical output from the salinity computations embodied within WIFM is shown in Appendix D.

#### Computer Requirements

65. The resources required for both the hydrodynamics and the salinity computations are shown in Table 10. Scheme 1 is more accurate but requires nearly three times more computer time than does scheme 2. In general a very large scientific computation oriented machine should be utilized for applications employing the number of cells in the Mississippi Sound study.

Table 10  
CRAY I-S Requirements

<u>Simulation</u>	<u>Grid</u>	<u>Number of Time Steps</u>	<u>Total Field Length (Octal)</u>	<u>CPUS</u>
Scheme 1 (FCT)	Global	1200	1606064	619
Scheme 1 (FCT)	Refined	7200	776152	777
Scheme 2 (Three Time Level)	Global	1200	1601756	340
Scheme 2 (Three Time Level)	Refined	7200	776266	475

66. The job control language (JCL) for a global grid and refined grid simulation is presented in Appendix E. It should be noted that the JCL shown is for the CRAY I-S Cray Operating System 1.09 as implemented at Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico.

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## APPENDIX A: SUBROUTINE LISTINGS











CINC	FILE	DATE	5	CH=FLPGRSVZ	06/20/83	PX=V	00:11:01	CFT 105F(04/14/83)	PAGE 6
4707	190	12/22/81	249	1F2=UK(P-1)*TSXXM					
4708	190	12/22/81	290	1F3=TSXXM*U1(P)					
4709	190	12/22/81	291	1F4=UK(P)*TSXXM					
4710	195	12/22/81	292	1P5=5*SE(N,M)*SEP(N,M)*F(N,P)					
4711	195	12/22/81	293	1P6=SE(N,M)*F(N,P)*CN(N,M)					
4712	195	12/22/81	294	1P7=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4713	195	12/22/81	295	1P8=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4714	195	12/22/81	296	1P9=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4715	200	12/22/81	297	1P10=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4716	200	12/22/81	298	1P11=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4717	200	12/22/81	299	1P12=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4718	200	12/22/81	300	1P13=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4719	200	12/22/81	301	1P14=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4720	200	12/22/81	302	1P15=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4721	205	12/22/81	303	1P16=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4722	205	12/22/81	304	1P17=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4723	205	12/22/81	305	1P18=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4724	205	12/22/81	306	1P19=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4725	205	12/22/81	307	1P20=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4726	210	12/22/81	308	1P21=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4727	210	12/22/81	309	1P22=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4728	210	12/22/81	310	1P23=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4729	210	12/22/81	311	1P24=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4730	210	12/22/81	312	1P25=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4731	210	12/22/81	313	1P26=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4732	210	12/22/81	314	1P27=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4733	210	12/22/81	315	1P28=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4734	210	12/22/81	316	1P29=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4735	210	12/22/81	317	1P30=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4736	210	12/22/81	318	1P31=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4737	210	12/22/81	319	1P32=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4738	210	12/22/81	320	1P33=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4739	210	12/22/81	321	1P34=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4740	210	12/22/81	322	1P35=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4741	210	12/22/81	323	1P36=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4742	210	12/22/81	324	1P37=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4743	210	12/22/81	325	1P38=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4744	210	12/22/81	326	1P39=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4745	210	12/22/81	327	1P40=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4746	210	12/22/81	328	1P41=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4747	210	12/22/81	329	1P42=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4748	210	12/22/81	330	1P43=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4749	210	12/22/81	331	1P44=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4750	210	12/22/81	332	1P45=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4751	210	12/22/81	333	1P46=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4752	210	12/22/81	334	1P47=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4753	210	12/22/81	335	1P48=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4754	210	12/22/81	336	1P49=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4755	210	12/22/81	337	1P50=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4756	210	12/22/81	338	1P51=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4757	210	12/22/81	339	1P52=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4758	210	12/22/81	340	1P53=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4759	210	12/22/81	341	1P54=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4760	210	12/22/81	342	1P55=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4761	210	12/22/81	343	1P56=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4762	210	12/22/81	344	1P57=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4763	210	12/22/81	345	1P58=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4764	210	12/22/81	346	1P59=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4765	210	12/22/81	347	1P60=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4766	210	12/22/81	348	1P61=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4767	210	12/22/81	349	1P62=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4768	210	12/22/81	350	1P63=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4769	210	12/22/81	351	1P64=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4770	210	12/22/81	352	1P65=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4771	210	12/22/81	353	1P66=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4772	210	12/22/81	354	1P67=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4773	210	12/22/81	355	1P68=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4774	210	12/22/81	356	1P69=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4775	210	12/22/81	357	1P70=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4776	210	12/22/81	358	1P71=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4777	210	12/22/81	359	1P72=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4778	210	12/22/81	360	1P73=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4779	210	12/22/81	361	1P74=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4780	210	12/22/81	362	1P75=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4781	210	12/22/81	363	1P76=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4782	210	12/22/81	364	1P77=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4783	210	12/22/81	365	1P78=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4784	210	12/22/81	366	1P79=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4785	210	12/22/81	367	1P80=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4786	210	12/22/81	368	1P81=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4787	210	12/22/81	369	1P82=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4788	210	12/22/81	370	1P83=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4789	210	12/22/81	371	1P84=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4790	210	12/22/81	372	1P85=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4791	210	12/22/81	373	1P86=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4792	210	12/22/81	374	1P87=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4793	210	12/22/81	375	1P88=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4794	210	12/22/81	376	1P89=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4795	210	12/22/81	377	1P90=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4796	210	12/22/81	378	1P91=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4797	210	12/22/81	379	1P92=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4798	210	12/22/81	380	1P93=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4799	210	12/22/81	381	1P94=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4800	210	12/22/81	382	1P95=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4801	210	12/22/81	383	1P96=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4802	210	12/22/81	384	1P97=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4803	210	12/22/81	385	1P98=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4804	210	12/22/81	386	1P99=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					
4805	210	12/22/81	387	1P100=5*UK(P)*CN(N,M)*F(N,P)*TSXXM					







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4939 350. DISF=CYN(P)*AL(VEL)/(C1-LP2)/(C(N+1)*P)*C(N,P) FCT.36
4940 350. 1 ALVMDZ(C-DUKY(LC,P)*VEL) FCT.37
4941 396. FLUYN(P)=FLUYN(P)-TAGXPLC(2-P-1)*CA-DISF*DP1*DP2 FCT.38
4942 396. 1 (CNPLN(1,M)*CNPLN(M)-CAP(N,P))/(4*VNL(2-N)*QY) FCT.39
4943 397. DP2=5*ISEPIN(M)*SEIN(P+1)-PIN,P FCT.40
4944 397. VLL=CUF(LN,P)*U(LN,P)/2 FCT.41
4945 397. V1=VEL*TAG*V(LC,P-1)*V1 FCT.42
4946 400. C1=CUF(LC,P)*C1 FCT.43
4947 401. 1 -CVMGFC(CFLN(P)*CN(C,P))/2*(C(NL(P+1)*C(N,P+1))/2*VEL) FCT.44
4948 401. 1 FLUXN(P)=V1*(C(P1-CP2)*C1+5 FCT.45
4949 402. DISP=CXN(M)*ABSEVEL*(DP1-UF2)/(C(N,P+1)*C(N,P)) FCT.46
4950 402. 1 CVMGFC(CFLN(P)*CN(C,P)) FCT.47
4951 403. FLUXN(P)=FLUXN(P)-TAG*V(LC,P-1)*V1*U(LN,P)*DP2 FCT.48
4952 403. 1 (CFLN(P+1)*CFLN(P)-CFLN(P+1))/(4*VNL(2-N)*QY) FCT.49
4953 403. 1 CONTINUE FCT.50
4954 405. 1 SET ANTI-DIFFUSIVE FLUXES TO ZERO ON BOUNDARIES FCT.51
4955 405. 1 N6(1)=K1 FCT.52
4956 405. 1 N6(2)=K1 FCT.53
4957 407. 1 N6(3)=K1 FCT.54
4958 407. 1 N6(4)=K1 FCT.55
4959 407. 1 N6(5)=K1 FCT.56
4960 410. 1 IF(J-1)15,16,15 FCT.57
4961 411. 16 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.58
4962 412. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.59
4963 413. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.60
4964 414. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.61
4965 415. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.62
4966 416. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.63
4967 417. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.64
4968 418. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.65
4969 419. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.66
4970 420. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.67
4971 421. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.68
4972 422. 55 FLUXN(P-1)=0 FCT.69
4973 423. 1 IF(J=1)15,16,15 FCT.70
4974 424. 4 FLUXN(P)=0 FCT.71
4975 425. 3 CONTINUE FCT.72
4976 426. 40 CONTINUE FCT.73
4977 427. 1 COMPLETE UPDATED FLUX-CORRECTED SOLUTION FCT.74
4978 427. 1 DO 5 M=2,M1 FCT.75
4979 428. 1 DO 5 N=2,N1 FCT.76
4980 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.77
4981 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.78
4982 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.79
4983 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.80
4984 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.81
4985 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.82
4986 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.83
4987 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.84
4988 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.85
4989 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.86
4990 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.87
4991 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.88
4992 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.89
4993 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.90
4994 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.91
4995 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.92
4996 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.93
4997 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.94
4998 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.95
4999 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.96
5000 428. 1 IF(M=N)0 FCT.97

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5043 1. SUBROUTINE CUPCL
5044 2. PARAMETER (NUPF1=1272,NL10=4,NPL1=2,NFPL1=1)
5045 3. PARAMETER (IENC=605,IXSE=20,IUT=1,ITSE=40,PUY=205,PLS2=1)
5046 4. LOGICAL IFAE,IFT,IDUMP
5047 5. COMMON /V1/ NPAR,PARANTIC,MELC,ITIC,UTIO,INITL,NP1,AP2,NP3,NPR,
5048 6. PPM,PAFTIP,NIT4,ILCLAY,IFLC,AGLF,GI,MI,AXI,MAL,ISIF,KK,
5049 7. ITAVE,IP1,IF,NPAC,IRLCH,IAIA,NPXP,PSUR,AXR,NY,NAP,OUTAP,
5050 8. JPAR,NEST,KSI,RS2,RS3,RS4,RS5,RS6,MAPCT,PKR,MULY,ITAFEC,IFT,
5051 9. IDUMP,INC,NBT,KFT,ITVF,ITEX,ICIRKUYKTRANS,NBG,REG,KSB,
5052 10. IRESTA,NECAT,IUVER,IFLVL,MJ,IAFI,ASIF,NISAP,NAT,KAC,PLIN,
5053 11. NS2,PS2,LEVEL,NDA,NZU,NACVAL,IPLCT,ICPLCT,IPOI,ISURE,NTABLE,
5054 12. IFC70,ACPARAN,PLG,ITRM,IELCF,RCF,NDAX
5055 13. 6. NCON
5056 14. COMMON /V2/ TAL,LL,UA,DU,GN2,LT2,G6,G2,ALAT,JI,NA,THE,TA,EFSD,
5057 15. 1. EPSD2,EPSD3,EPSD4,EPSD5,EPSD6,EPSD7,EPSD8,EPSD9,EPSD10,EPSD11,
5058 16. 2. ADV,V1E,DKPA,CKMAG,SINI,APSU,TPRC,ITPE,
5059 17. 3. YLAND,XSCCUH,SMAR,IZI,TAUX,TAU,OFF,DYP,DYP,2M1,2M2,
5060 18. 4. XUSYU,AUI,YUI,CCCK2,MAITMR,OLIRI,
5061 19. 5. G1X,OLTSY,LOT,LOT2,LOT3,LOT4,LOT5,LOT6,LOT7,LOT8,LOT9,LOT10,
5062 20. 6. FXS,FYS,FATPS,ISML,IALS,ISALG,CPAX,XPS,IFETR
5063 21. COMMON /V3/ SEPT(NUMP),SECT(NUMP),SECT(NUMP),SECT(NUMP),
5064 22. COMMON /V4/ UP(NUMP),G(NUMP),G(NUMP),G(NUMP),G(NUMP),G(NUMP),
5065 23. COMMON /V5/ VP(NUMP),V(NUMP),V(NUMP),V(NUMP),V(NUMP),V(NUMP),
5066 24. CPMCN /V6/ FK(C1P4),LVS,LSLKF,IECT,ITEC,CGHKE(JPLT,CPLS),
5067 25. 2. CPMNE(IP1,ITL3),CGRD(CPLT,CPLS),
5068 26. CPMCN /V7/ ICL(NUMP),ICV(NUMP),ICV(NUMP),ICV(NUMP),
5069 27. COMMON /V8/ FAX(NUMP),FV(NUMP),FV(NUMP),FV(NUMP),FV(NUMP),FV(NUMP),
5070 28. COMMON /V9/ GL1(500),GL2(500),GL3(500),GL4(500),GL5(500),
5071 29. COMMON /V0/ KX(500),RMUC(500),YAL(500),IBAT(20),MPAY(20),R(20),
5072 30. 1. K2(20),K3(20),K4(20),
5073 31. 1. XPUT(500),VALT(500),
5074 32. COMMON /V1/ AL(500),AL(500),AL(500),AL(500),AL(500),AL(500),
5075 33. 1. DIT(500),FV(500),FV(500),FV(500),FV(500),FV(500),FV(500),
5076 34. COMMON /V10/ IL1(500),IL2(500),IL3(500),IL4(500),IL5(500),
5077 35. 1. NGBD(500),NGL0B,THE1,THE2,THE3,THE4,
5078 36. COMMON /V11/ TP6(150),TCN(50),LDT(50),NDA(50),
5079 37. 1. NAT(50),ATF(50),NCARD(50),
5080 38. 1. IATLGR,CUPST
5081 39. COMMON /V12/ SERVIC(10),SERVIC(10),SERVIC(10),SERVIC(10),SERVIC(10),
5082 40. COMMON /CALC/THP1(150),THP2(150),THP3(150),THP4(150),THP5(150),
5083 41. 1. THP6(150),
5084 42. DIPLSIN,ALTS(50),GL1(500),GL2(500),GL3(500),GL4(500),GL5(500),
5085 43. 1. GLT(500),
5086 44. EQUIVALENCE (AL(1),AL(1)),(GL1(1),GL1(1)),(GL1(1),GL1(1)),
5087 45. 1. CARLIP,ADVE(10),OR(10),ADVE(10),UT(10),FV(10),
5088 46. 1. DIMENSION AMH(150),APN(150),ANL(150),ANL(150),ANL(150),
5089 47. 1. EQUIVALENCE (APF(1),THP1(1)),(APF(1),THP2(1)),(APF(1),THP3(1)),
5090 48. 1. (UMC1),TPF4(1)),
5091 49. COMMON /V13/ SUNB(2),SLP,TH
5092 50. COMMON /V6/ IPARK(200),IBARK(200),IBARK(200),IBARK(200),
5093 51. 1. ITTDE(200),IFLOST(200),ITRANS(200),ITCFANT(10),XCHAM(200),
5094 52. 1. INT(200),F1(200),IT61(200),IT62(200),
5095 53. 1. COMMON /V1/ MPAN(20),ZB(20),CE(20),CE(20),CAY(20),CG(20),
5096 54. 1. CANPY(120),CANPY(120),
5097 55. COMMON /V44/ IFLOGU(NFPTS),2FV(NFPTS),2FV(NFPTS),CHZ(NFPTS),
5098 56. 1. IFAS(14F,15),
5099 57. 1. DIMENSION CPLC(NFPTS),
5100 58. 1. EQUIVALENCE (CPLC(1),CHZ(1)),

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5155	77.	CMPLL)=(1.-F1(1))	CMPLPP1=ITC(1)+F1(1)*CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))	CAL.617
5160	78.	CMPLL)=(1.-F1(1))	CMPLPP2=ITC(1)+F1(1)*CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))	CAL.618
5161	79.	GO TO 50		CAL.619
5162	80.	CMPLL)=(1.-F1(1))	CMPLPP3=ITC(1)+F1(1)*CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))	CAL.620
5163	81.	GO TO 50		CAL.621
5164	82.	DO 100 I=1,100		CAL.622
5165	83.	DO 100 I=1,100		CAL.623
5166	84.	DO 100 I=1,100		CAL.624
5167	85.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.625
5168	86.	IF(MMI-1)NE,ISALC(1)GO TO 50		CAL.626
5169	87.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.627
5170	88.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.628
5171	89.	CONTINUE		CAL.629
5172	90.	C COMPUTE FLUXES		CAL.630
5173	91.	DO 100 I=1,100		CAL.631
5174	92.	IF(MMI-1)NE,ISALC(1)GO TO 50		CAL.632
5175	93.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.633
5176	94.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.634
5177	95.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.635
5178	96.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.636
5179	97.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.637
5180	98.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.638
5181	99.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.639
5182	100.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.640
5183	101.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.641
5184	102.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.642
5185	103.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.643
5186	104.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.644
5187	105.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.645
5188	106.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.646
5189	107.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.647
5190	108.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.648
5191	109.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.649
5192	110.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.650
5193	111.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.651
5194	112.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.652
5195	113.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.653
5196	114.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.654
5197	115.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.655
5198	116.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.656
5199	117.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.657
5200	118.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.658
5201	119.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.659
5202	120.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.660
5203	121.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.661
5204	122.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.662
5205	123.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.663
5206	124.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.664
5207	125.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.665
5208	126.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.666
5209	127.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.667
5210	128.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.668
5211	129.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.669
5212	130.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.670
5213	131.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.671
5214	132.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.672
5215	133.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.673
5216	134.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.674
5217	135.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.675
5218	136.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.676
5219	137.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.677
5220	138.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.678
5221	139.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.679
5222	140.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.680
5223	141.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.681
5224	142.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.682
5225	143.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.683
5226	144.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.684
5227	145.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.685
5228	146.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.686
5229	147.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.687
5230	148.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.688
5231	149.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.689
5232	150.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.690
5233	151.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.691
5234	152.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.692
5235	153.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.693
5236	154.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.694
5237	155.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.695
5238	156.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.696
5239	157.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.697
5240	158.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.698
5241	159.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.699
5242	160.	CMPLL)=CNC(MMI,ITC2(1))		CAL.700

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5217 12.  IF (J-1) 15,16,15      CAL.675
5218 12.  16 IF (J-1) 15,16,15      CAL.676
5219 13.  GC TO 17                  CAL.677
5220 13.  18 IF (I10E(I)) 19,20,18  CAL.678
5221 13.  17 INDEX=IP/1000000      CAL.679
5222 13.  IP=IP-1000000*INDEX      CAL.680
5223 13.  MP=IP/1000000          CAL.681
5224 13.  MP=IP-1000000          CAL.682
5225 13.  19 INDEX=100             CAL.683
5226 13.  20 IF (CVM2(I)-14,14) 21  CAL.684
5227 13.  SIGN=FLCA(IIP)          CAL.685
5228 13.  IP=IAD3-100*14         CAL.686
5229 14.  IDJR=IP/10             CAL.687
5230 14.  IF (IDJR-1) 24,95,24    CAL.688
5231 14.  95 N=NN                CAL.689
5232 14.  N=NN-14                CAL.690
5233 14.  14 IF (M-1) 25,NPAX,N    CAL.691
5234 14.  SUMBE(J,ITEM)=SUPBE(J,ITEM)+SIGN*FLUX(LL)  CAL.692
5235 14.  GC TO 3                CAL.693
5236 14.  94 N=NG-14            CAL.694
5237 14.  N=NN                  CAL.695
5238 14.  14 LL=(M-1)*NPAX*N      CAL.696
5239 14.  15 SUMBE(J,ITEM)=SUMBE(J,ITEM)+SIGN*FLUX(LL)  CAL.697
5240 15.  3 CONTINUE             CAL.698
5241 15.  40 SUMTBL(I,ITEM)=SUMTBL(I,ITEM)+SUPBE(J,ITEM)  CAL.699
5242 15.  C TEST FOR CALL IC (LOG SUBCALLIC)  CAL.700
5243 15.  IF (TYPE.GE.1DEUC)CALL 1DEUC  CAL.701
5244 15.  RETURN                  CAL.702
5245 15.  END                      CAL.703
CENCE
CENCE

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VECTOR LOOP BEGINS AT SLJ. AL. 56, F= 167C  
VECTOR LOOP BEGINS AT SLJ. AL. 59, F= 220F

APPENDIX B: WIFM-SAL INPUT REQUIREMENTS

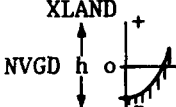
Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
1 (16I5)	Required	NDTAP	Input tape unit
1a (8A8)	Required	ITL	Identification title card, up to 64 character, the 1st 8 are the plot identification
2 (16I5)	Required	NMAX	Horizontal grid dimension (i.e., number of cells in the n-direction)
		MMAX	Vertical grid dimension, number of cells in the m-direction
		INITL	0--initial condition 1--restart conditions (omit card groups 6, 13-18, and 23) -m--as for 0, but saves restart data every m tau
Restart conditions: system geometry and boundary input tables <u>ARE NOT</u> read in hot start conditions: <u>INITL</u> = 0 system geometry and boundary input <u>MUST</u> be read in; $\eta$ , $u$ , and $v$ are all that has been saved			
		IOVER	Control variable 1--simulation 0--reads input only
		IFLVL	0--flow formulation 1--velocity
		LEVEL	Number of time levels
		ISURG	0--tidal circulation 1--storm surge-horizontal coastline 2--storm surge-vertical coastline
		IFETR	0--no feathering of tidal elevation, boundary elevations, and freshwater discharges 1--feathering of the above quantities
		IHOT	0--normal run -1--hot start information previously saved for $\eta, u, v$ initial conditions on logical unit 2 will be used n--save hot start conditions at itime = n on logical unit 21 Note $\eta$ is surface elevation $u$ is x-component of velocity $v$ is y-component of velocity itime is the number of time steps elapsed

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
2a (3I5,2F10.0)	Required	ISAL	1--salinity simulation 0--not simulating salinity
Use a blank card for this group when you are not simulating salinity		ISALS	1--FCT scheme
		ISALC	2--3 Time Level Explicit Scheme number of time steps into the simulation, when salinity starts
		CMAX	Maximum salinity concentration allowable, in ppt. If CMAX is exceeded, error message is output
		XMS	Scale factor by which salinity concentrations are multiplied for printout (dimensionless)
3 (16I5)	Required	ITID	Number of entries in tidal input table or flow input table
		JTID	Number of $\tau$ 's between entries in the tidal or flow input tables. Note: if tidal constituents are used, set ITID equal to the number of $\tau$ 's in the tidal scenario. Set ITJD = 1. Cannot mix constituent or tabular entries.
		NTID	Number of distinct tidal inputs (total number)
		NFLO	Number of distinct discharge input (total number)
Pertains only to velocity grid		NP1	These are print controls for the output grid--grid is printed from N = NP1 to N = NP2 in steps of NP3 NP1 and NP2 are horizontal indices All vertical values for each N NP3 is the increment
		NP2	
		NP3	
		NPR	Overrides NP1, NP2, NP3 2--print full grid of $\eta$ only -2--print full grid for $\eta, u, v$ 1--print from NP1 to NP2, $\eta$ only -1--print from NP1 to NP2, $\eta, u, v$
		MPR	Additional print control 1--print flag arrays only -1--print flag arrays, flood, barrier, and tidal or flow data 2--print flag arrays, depths, and Chezy -2--print all
		MSURF	Counter Prints surface elevation and discharge in increments of the values of MSURF

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
3 (16I5) (Continued)			KS1,KS2,KS3,KS4 are flooding control
		KS1	m--hold cell face CLOSED for mτ's
		KS2	m--hold cell face OPEN for mτ's
		KS3	m--hold SUBMERGED barrier characteristic for mτ's
		KS4	m--hold OVERTOPPING BARRIER characteristic for mτ's
		KS5	Leave blank, not used at present
		KS6	m--updates wind routine every mτ's
3a (16I5)	Required	NCON	Number of tide gages for which tidal constituents must be specified
		NGLOB	Number of global grid tidal boundary signals used for cell-centered interpolation along the refined grid boundary
		NTI	Number of tidal boundary signals used for cell-centered interpolation along the seaward boundary
3b (16I5)	Optional	IGX <sub>i</sub>	Location expressed in m (grid coordinate) for <u>each</u> tidal signal, i = 1,NT
NT = NTI + NGLOB Omit if NT = φ		IGY <sub>i</sub>	Location expressed in m (grid coordinate) for <u>each</u> tidal signal, -i = 1,NT
3c Use only if NCON.GT.φ		IYEAR	Start time of simulation
		IMONTH	Start time of simulation
Omit if NCON.EQ.φ		IDAY	Start time of simulation
		IHR	Start time of simulation
3d (37I1) Omit if NCON.EQ.φ		ICONST	Refers to array NCONST which contains 37 constituents. To choose how many constituents you wish to consider, code this variable 1--consider 0--skip
3e (16I5) Omit if NCON.EQ.φ		NC <sub>j</sub>	j varies from 1 to NCONT where NCONT is the element number of the <u>specific</u> constituent you want considered from array NCONST

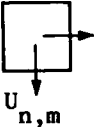
Card Group (Format)	Variable	Description
4 (8F10.0)	TAU	Time step length, i.e. $\Delta t$ (sec)
Note: See IXPAN in card group 5. Code DX and DY. 1 map inch = X number of feet when card group 6 will be utilized Example: Map scale 1:40000 CX = 3333.	*DX	Vertical spatial stepsize (minimum stepsize for $\alpha$ space) from map scale use 1 in. = ____ ft
	*DY	Horizontal spatial stepsize (ft) 1 in. = ____ ft
	G	Acceleration of gravity set to 32.2 (ft <sup>2</sup> /sec)
	ALAT	Average latitude of the study region, + for Northern hemisphere (-) - for Southern hemisphere
	XI	Constant rate of rainfall (inches/day)
	WA	Constant wind velocity (no N/S wind) -1--variable wind as a function of time only. (Note: card group 11 is needed to complete wind information) -2--variable wind as a function of space and time. (Provided by subroutine FETCHW.) (Note: omit card group 11)
	THETA	Constant wind direction in degrees Use meteorological definition, i.e. NORTH is 0° EAST is 90° SOUTH is 180° WEST is 270° or the number of hours between entries of wind table if WA = -1
	EPSD	$\epsilon_d$ is minimum amount of water defining a dry cell (in feet)
	APSD	$\epsilon_b$ is minimum amount of water over a barrier for submergence (in feet)
	DCON1	Value to add to water depths to translate them to the model datum which is usually NVGD datum (in feet). Depths are negative, thus a - DCON1 will deepen
	NVGD	
	1	
	MLW	
	*DMPX	Value of land elevation assigned artificially to areas that will never flood (in feet) control value to cutoff, depth checking within WIFM; i.e., this is the MAX land elevation digitized

\* Related to XLAND as follows: DMPX is used in digitizing the grid--XLAND < DMPX defines highest potential flood level elevation.

Card Group (Format)	Variable	Description
4 (8F10.0) (Continued)	ROTA	Angle of x-axis as measured counterclockwise from EAST = 0° (in degrees)
	TPRO	Start of prototype time for beginning of run (i.e., time of day in hours)
	ADV	0--no advective or viscosity terms 1--include advective terms, linearize at boundary 2--include advective terms, use approximation at closed bounds
	VIS	$\epsilon$ --viscosity coefficient multiplier; it is dimensionless and if equal to $\phi$ omits the viscosity coefficient usually set to 1 for initial runs
Note: XLAND < DMPX defines maximum potential flood level elevation		A value of $h$ (i.e., land or water bottom elevation with respect to NVGD datum); greater than XLAND defines a cell that will never flood (in feet) XLAND > 0
	XSCOUR	A value of $h < XSCOUR$ defines a cell that will never go dry (feet) $0 < XSCOUR$
	SMAX	If $\eta > SMAX$ , cease computation and print $\eta$ ( $\eta$ is surface elevation) (ft)
	SINIT	Set $\eta = SINIT$ as initial conditions (normally $Q$ ). Note: SINIT = 999, the code will compute inverted barometer effect (ft)
	DMAXG	Positive bound on maximum total water depth that will be experienced during simulation (in feet) (for control of length of friction table)
	DCON2 NVGD - msl	Value to add to tidal input values to translate them to model datum (NVGD) in feet
	DLIMIT	Negative value serving as an artificial cutoff value on water depths ( $h$ ) (negative since $h < 0$ ) in feet
5 (16IS)	Required	
	MAXTIM	Number to $\tau$ 's to run simulation
	INTAP	m--save $\eta, u, v$ on logical unit 1 every $m\tau$ -1--no data is saved



Card Group (Format)	Variable	Description
5 (16IS) (Continued)	IDELAY	Delay saving data on logical unit 1 until ITIME = IDELAY (Note: ITIME counts the number of time steps)
Note: Set these variables to zero; subroutines to accomplish printer plots have been removed from the program, but can be supplied upon District request  ↑ If these plug controls are set to zero, omit card group 10 ↓	IPLOT	#0--printer plots of elevation hydrographs will be made 0--no plots
	IVPLOT	#0--printer plots of velocity magnitude hydrographs will be made 0--no plots
	ICPLOT	#0--printer plots of peak surge elevation along the coast will be made 0--no plots
	IXPAN	#0--read in variable grid expansion coefficients in card group 6 which will be the output file from program GRID saved on tape 7 0--indicates constant spatial step input this step size in card group 4 in DX and DY variables
	NGAGE	Number of locations where you want data saved, omit card groups 8 and 9 if NGAGE = 0 . Card group 8 is gage locations if NGAGE = 0 , NFREQ = 0
	NFREQ	Frequency to print hydrodynamics at gage points (every NFREQ τ's)
	KREST	Start run at ITIME = KREST. Set to zero except for restart run
	NZP	Number of corrections to input depth grid; omit card group 14 if NZP = 0
	NZQ	Number of corrections to input coded friction grid; omit card group 16 if NZQ = 0
	MDTAP	Logical unit for depth and coded friction input data (normally 5)
	NTABLE	Length of wind input data; i.e., number of entries in the table
	IGLOB	n--save boundary conditions (on logical unit 25) from Global Grid at n points (cells) for later use as forcing conditions to an embedded grid (will need card group 29 to locate indices) 0--no saving for later use

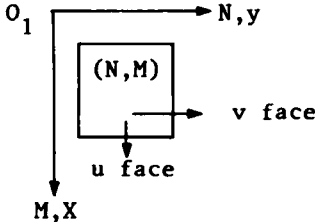
Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
6 (4G20.11)	Optional	ANG	Dummy variable for the first value of GRID output
This group is created by program GRID on tape 7 and is omitted if IXPAN = 0 or INITL = 1		YNU <sub>i</sub>	Expansion coefficients for n-direction (horizontal) of the variable grid = 1, NYX NYX = 2*NMAX (dimensionless)
		XNU <sub>i</sub>	Expansion coefficients for vertical direction (indirect) of the variable grid i = 1, NXX NXX = 2*MMAX (dimensionless)
7 (16I5)	Required	NPRINT	Time step index to print grid an array of 32 elements thus allowing up to 32 printouts (array must be filled, so two cards are required to satisfy the read)
8 (16I5)	Optional	NPOT <sub>i</sub>	Horizontal indices of locations (i.e. gage) where you want data saved; location is expressed in terms of the horizontal dimension of the grid (N values) i = 1, NGAGE
Omit if NGAGE = 0		MPOT <sub>i</sub>	Vertical indices of gage locations (M values) i = 1, NGAGE
9 (16I5)	Optional	IGAGE <sub>i</sub>	Codes for methods of computing flows at gage points i = 1, NGAGE
Omit if NGAGE = 0			1--u, $\bar{v}$
$\bar{v} = \frac{1}{4} (V_{n,m} + V_{n-1,m} + V_{n,m+1} + V_{n+1,m+1})$			2-- $\bar{u}, \bar{v}$
$\bar{u} = \frac{1}{4} (U_{n,m} + U_{n,m-1} + U_{n+1,m} + U_{n+1,m-1})$			3-- $\bar{u}, \bar{v}$ default $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{v} = 4\text{pt avg of } v \text{ at } u \\ \bar{u} = 4 \text{ pt avg } u \text{ at } v \end{array} \right.$
$\bar{u} = \frac{1}{2} (U_{n,m} + U_{n,m-1})$			4--u, v
$\bar{v} = \frac{1}{2} (V_{n,m} + V_{n-1,m})$			5--u
			6--v
			7-- $\bar{u}$
			8-- $\bar{v}$
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>(n,m)</p>  </div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <p>V<sub>n,m</sub></p> </div> </div>			
10 (5I5,2F5.0)	Optional		These groups are actually three different sets of variables, each set associated with a type of printer plot to control format of plots; variable list and descriptions are not included
Omit all if: IXPLOT = 0 ICPLOT = 0 and IVPLOT = 0			Subroutines have been removed from the code, but can be supplied upon District request

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
10a (16I5)	Optional		IPLOT--controller for elevation hydrographs IVPLOT--controller for velocity magnitude hydrographs ICPLLOT--controller for peak surge elevations (along the coast) plot  → Ref: card group 5
11 (16F5.2) Omit if WA NE-1 ref group 4	Optional	WAT <sub>i</sub>  THT <sub>i</sub>	Variable wind velocity (mph) i = 1 , NWAT, NWAT = THETA (see group 4)  Corresponding wind direction measured from North as THT (deg) i = 1, NWAT
12 (10E8.1)	Required		This card group codes terrain and barrier characteristics. Each variable in this card group has <u>20</u> values  XMAN <sub>i</sub> Manning's coefficient for each code i (i = 1,20) used for defining friction (Note: value of code (1) is used for all water outside the computational boundaries). This array must be ordered in the same manner as the depth zones defined in card group 15. For example--lowest value to highest value of Manning's coupled with depth zones of deep to shallow (i is dimensionless)  ZB <sub>i</sub> Barrier height for each code i = 1,20 . This array is referenced by card group 17 variable INDX (ft)  CB <sub>i</sub> Chezy coefficient to approximate a barrier of overtopping for each code i = 1,20 $(\sqrt{g}, \text{ft}^{1/2}, \text{sec}) \quad C_b = \frac{1.49}{n_b} (\epsilon_b)^{1/6}$  CO <sub>i</sub> Admittance coefficient for overtopping barrier ( $\sqrt{g}, \text{ft}^{1/2}/\text{sec}$ ) usual range (3-5) i = 1,20  CAYD <sub>i</sub> Recession coefficient for draining of flood cell--keyed by friction codes (fraction of water depth to be allowed to drain within one time step) i = 1,20

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
12 (10E8.1) (Continued)		$CD_i$	Admittance coefficient for limiting movement of water onto flood cells--keyed by friction codes ( $\sqrt{g}$ , ft <sup>1/2</sup> /sec) usual range (3-5) $i = 1, 20$
		$CANPY1_i$	Canopy coefficients for flooding--used to increase Manning's $n$ friction coefficient over heavily vegetated marshes. ( $C_1$ dimensionless) ( $C_2$ is in feet) $\eta_c = \eta_b \left( 1 + C_1 e^{-d^2/C_2} \right) \text{ for } d < 5 \text{ ft}$ Set $C_1 = 0$ , and $C_2 = 1$ for nonuse. $i = 1, 20$
		$CANPY_2$	
13 (10F8.0) Omit only if INITL.EQ.1	Required	$TMP_n$	Depth grid array; depths at center of each grid cell. For row $M$ of depths $n = 1$ , $NMAX$ , start a new card for each $M$ : units of measure (ft) negative in sign
13a (16I5)	Optional	Include only if $ISAL \neq 0$	
		IDEPTH	Number of depth intervals employed to interpolate initial salinity condition based upon depth
		IFIELD	Number of patches in which initial salinity conditions will be input on a cell-by-cell basis
		IZONE	Number of zones in which the initial salinity condition will be a constant
		Include if $IDEPTH \neq 0$	
13b (16F5.1)	Optional	$TMP_N$	Salinity initial value array, $N = 1$ , IDEPTH (ppt)
		$D(N,1)$	Depth value array, $N = 1$ , IDEPTH + 1 (ft)
13c (16I5)	Optional	Repeat IFIELD times. Include only if IFIELD $\neq 0$	
		NL	Lower horizontal limit of patch $i$ (n-coordinate of cell)
		NU	Upper horizontal limit of patch $i$ (n-coordinate of cell)
		ML	Lower vertical limit of patch $i$ (m-coordinate of cell)

Card Group (Format)	Variable	Description
13c (16I5) (Continued)	MU	Upper vertical limit of patch i (m-coordinate of cell)  Repeat (ML - MU) + 1 times
(16F5.1)	CN(N,M), N = NL,NU	Initial salinity concentration (ppt)
13d Omit only if INITL.EQ.1	Required	Card groups 13d and 13e are ref. Subroutine CONST to read in five different sets of values for the following conditions:
13e		CN--initial salinity values (in ppt) required only for IZONE $\neq$ 0 CX--dispersion factor in the X- dir (dimensionless) DKXX--dispersion offset in the X-dir (ft <sup>2</sup> /sec) CY--dispersion factor in the Y- dir (dimensionless) DKYY--dispersion offset in the Y-dir (ft <sup>2</sup> /sec)
The variables for the card group are:		
(4I5,F10.0)	NZ	Number of zones covering the grid 1st card
(4I5,F10.0)	NL	Lower horizontal index of zone 2nd card
	NU	Upper horizontal index of zone
	ML	Lower vertical index of zone
	MU	Upper vertical index of zone
	R	Value of CN, CX, DKXX, CY, or DKYY to be read in. This is a single value for the set of cells defined N = L,u , M = L,u ; i.e., cells (N,M) where NL $\leq$ N $\leq$ Nu and ML $\leq$ M $\leq$ Mu
Repeat the two cards of this group until all initial condition variables above are satisfied.		
14 (2I5,F5.1)	Optional	
Omit if NZP.EQ.0 or INITL.EQ.1	N	<u>Corrections to individual cell depths</u> Horizontal index of cell
	M	Vertical index of cell
	DNM	Corrected depth of cell (ft) nega- tive in sign, digitized depth <u>without</u> model datum correction, usually reference is nautical charts, MLW or MLLW Gulf Coast Datum

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
15 (35I2)	Required	N	If N = 77 , the next card begins the friction codes for all cells in the grid  If N $\neq$ 77 , subroutine FRICTN is called. N is the number of depths used to develop the friction codes and the card which follows begins the definition of depth ranges
Groups 15, 15a, or 15a alternate are required unless INITL = 0			
Within SUBROUTINE FRICTN			
15a (8F10.1)	Required	DP <sub>i</sub>	Depths to define ranges of depths which correspond to the Manning's n in the XMAN array, used to develop the friction codes (see group 12)  i = 1, ND (Note: N = ND and LE.21)  DA's are negative values and must be put in the same relative order as the values of Manning's n in XMAN. (Note: deep to shallow if lowest to highest is the order of Manning's n) (ft)
In this group--the scheme operates to assign a Manning's n based on depth			
Omit if INITL.EQ.1			
15a (35I2)	Required		Use this group if SUBROUTINE FRICTN is not used. This alternate group 15a is the friction codes and is related to card group 12 (XMAN)
In this group the scheme operates to allow you to assign the Manning's n			
Omit if INITL.EQ.1			
		ITIDE <sub>M</sub>	This variable is read within a DO LOOP where N = 1,NMAX ... M = 1,MMAX ITIDE is a number for each cell in the grid between 1 and 20 corresponding to the elements of array XMAN which you wish to assign to each cell. The loops operate to assign values by columns
16 (4I5)	Optional		Used for corrections to coded friction grid for individual cells
Omit if NZQ.EQ.0 or INITL.EQ.1		N	Horizontal cell index
		M	Vertical cell index
		MAN(N,M)	Number 1 to 20 to correspond to the elements of array XMAN desired
The code sets up flag areas (internal flags) for each u and v cell face (see diagram following) in the grid based upon depth field and advection code (ADV is set equal to 0, 1, or 2).			
Card Group 17 provides for establishing the codes for boundary flags and card group 18 provides for correction to the internal flags.			

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
17a (3I2,6I4) Omit only if INITL.EQ.1	Required	ITYP	Barrier type codes 1--exposed barrier at all times 2--overtopping barrier 4--submerged barrier 8--tidal input 9--flow input 99--exit this group of input, leave remainder of card blank <u>UNLESS</u> you wish to make cor- rections to the ICU and ICV flag arrays <u>then</u> leave INDX and IDIR blank and set I1 $\neq$ 0 and include card group 18. It should be set to the number of corrections to be made
		INDX	Value is from 1 to 20, keyed to element of array ZB in card group 12 to set barrier heights if ITYP is set to 1, 2, or 4  For ITYP set to 8, value is from 1 to NTID (NTID is the total num- ber of tidal input signals), i.e., identifies <u>which</u> tidal input  For ITYP set to 9, value is from 1 up to NFLD to identify which flow input
		IDIR	1--flow direction is through u cell <del>face</del> 2--flow direction is through v cell face
		I1 I2 I3	Locator grid indices for barrier, tidal input, or flow input  For a u face feature: I1 is the row (M) I2 is the beginning column (N) I3 is the ending column (N)  For a v face feature: I1 is the column (N) I2 is the beginning row (M) I3 is the ending row (M)

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
17a (3I2,6I4) (Continued)		I4	Used with tidal or flow input only, otherwise leave blank 0--input directed toward the right or bottom of the grid 1--input directed toward the left or top of the grid
		I5	When used ITYP = 8 , INDX = 1
		I6	Used for tidal input <u>only</u> when you want to interpolate the values for the tidal input boundary between two tidal signals. I5 and I6 correspond to the two tidal signal numbers; i.e., the elements numbers (of your 2 signals) in the tidal signal arrays IGX and IGY
17b (F8.0) Include if ISAL $\neq$ 0	Optional	XDL	Dispersion coefficient reduction factor for flow restriction (dimensionless)
18 (4I5) Omit unless ITYP.EQ.99.AND.I1.NE.0	Optional		Correction codes to ICU, ICV flag arrays. This read statement is in a loop which will execute I1 number of times
		N	Horizontal index of cell
		M	Vertical index of cell
See description at ITYP and INDX codes above		ICU <sub>N,M</sub>	--a 2 digit code, $n_1 n_2$ , where $n_1$ is ITYP and $n_2$ is INDX of the specific u face of cell (N,M)
		ICV <sub>N,M</sub>	--same except v face condition is described by $n_1 n_2$
19 (4I5,F5.0)	Required		This card group is a special application: NBG--set equal to 0 KSHFT--set equal to 1
		NBG	0--normal -1--no tidal input or discharge, used for storm surge
		KSHFT	Time index unit, where the simulation begins in the boundary input tables; i.e., time step index for beginning of input used with <u>HOTSTART CONDITIONS</u>
20 (4Ab,3F10.0) Omit if NT10 = 0 or NCON = 0 or NBG = -1	Optional (Tidal inputs)	TITLE	Gage title
		TLON	Longitude in degrees of gage
		TM	Time meridian in degrees
		HO	Mean value referenced to model datum



Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
20a (8F10.0) Use only with 20	Optional	HM <sub>j,i</sub>	Tidal amplitude for each of the tidal constituents j = 1,NCONT (NCONT is the element of the array NCONST which holds the values of the tidal constituents) i = 1,NTID (number of tidal inputs) that is, HM is the specific tidal amplitude in feet of each constituent identified by its element number in the array NCONST for each of the distinct tidal inputs
		KAPPA <sub>j,i</sub>	Tidal phases of the constituents as above (in degrees)
20b (15F5.2) These card groups are tidal boundary INPUT, thus omitted if NTID = 0	Optional	SSV <sub>j</sub>	Tidal elevation for each time step j = 1,IT (IT = ITID (card group 3) the number of entries in the tidal input table)
		XKQ	Shift in time step units
		ALP	Amplitude multiplication factor
Repeat card group 20b (NTID-NCON) times. Omit if NTID = NCON			
NOTE: If you are simulating salinity ISAL.NE.0, you will need the following additional groups repeated (NTID-NCON) times.			
20c (15F5.2)		SSV <sub>j</sub>	j = 1,IT--specific salinity value for each tidal signal
21a (15F5.2) omit if NFLO = 0 These groups are flow inputs	Optional	SSV <sub>j</sub>	Discharge (in cfs) for each time step j = 1,IT where IT = ITID , number of entries in flow input table
		XKQ	Shift in time step units
		ALP	Multiplication factor
Repeat this card group for each flow input			
If ISAL.NE.0 you will need group 21a repeated for each flow input as well			
21b (15F5.2)	Optional	SSV <sub>j</sub>	j = 1,IT , specific salinity value for each flow input (NFLO)
22 (F5.0,I5)	Optional		Specify if IFETR ≠ 0
		XLEVEL	Feather level for tidal elevation
		NTD	Number of time steps for flow input feathering

Card Group (Format)	Variable	Description
Card Groups 23 and 24 are presently not being utilized. Subroutines have been removed which accomplish range output. Supplied upon request.		
23 (16I5)	JNS	Number of ranges for computing volumetric discharge (if equal to 0 put in a blank card for this group) integrated value
This card group controls range output	JT1	Time index marking beginning of discharge computation (time step)
Omit if INITL = 1	JPER	Period of discharge cycle in time index units (total length of cycles in time steps)
Use a blank if JNS = 0	JDT	Sampling time step in time index units
	JMUL	Number of seconds in sampling period ( $\tau$ JDT)
	JDELAY	Delay print of special gage data until ITIME = JDELAYS (avoid spinup time computation)
24 (16I5) Omit if JNS = 0	Optional	JDIR <sub>i</sub> Direction of flow in discharge range. Coded: 1--vertical direction 2--horizontal direction where $i = 1, JNS$
	JMN <sub>i</sub>	Coordinate index of the range line $i = 1, JNS$
	JMN1 <sub>i</sub> } JMN2 <sub>i</sub> }	Range line extends from JNS1 <sub>i</sub> to JNS2 <sub>i</sub> where $i = 1, JNS$
25 (16I5)	Required	MNPOT Number of special gage points to be punched and/or plotted for surface elevation data
	MSKP	Frequency to punch surface elevation data (i.e., every MSKP $\tau$ 's)
	MDLY	Delay punch of surface elevation data (at special gage points) until ITIME = MDLY
	NVELPN	Number of special gage points for punching and/or plotting velocity magnitude
	MVELP	Frequency to punch velocity magnitude data (every MVELP $\tau$ 's) ( $\tau$ is time step)
	MVDLY	Delay punch of velocity data until ITIME = MUDLY

These control variables are for tape (punch) or plot output and are output to tape 3. The plotting is automatic. Plot file name must be specified in JCL.

Card Group (Format)		Variable	Description
26 (16I5) Omit if NNPO7.EQ.0	Optional	INPOT <sub>i</sub>	N indices of special gage points for surface elevations data (ref. card group 25) i = 1,NNPOT up to a maximum of 30 pts
		JMPOT <sub>i</sub>	M indices of same (start a new card) i = 1,NNPOT
27 (16I5) Omit if NVELPN EQ.0	Optional	NVCORD <sub>i</sub>	N indices of special gage points for velocity magnitude data i = 1, NVELPN
		MVCORD <sub>i</sub>	M indices of same (start new card) i = 1,NVELPN
28 (16I5) Omit if ISURG = 0 (see card group 2)	Optional	COAST <sub>i</sub>	Indices of open coast cells where i = 1,NMAX for horizontal coastline and i = 1,MMAX for vertical coastline. This information is obtained from program SHORE
29 (16I5) Omit if IGLOB = 0 (see card group 5)	Optional	IU1 <sub>i</sub>	N indices of cells where boundary conditions are to be saved in global grid, i = 1,IGLOB
		IU2 <sub>i</sub>	M indices of same i = 1,IGLOB (start a new card)

APPENDIX C: REFINED GRID INPUT DATA





-5	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10	-11	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19	-20	-21	-22	-23	-24	-25	-26	-27	-28	-29	-30	-31	-32	-33	-34	-35	-36	-37	-38	-39	-40	-41	-42	-43	-44	-45	-46	-47	-48	-49	-50	-51	-52	-53	-54	-55	-56	-57	-58	-59	-60	-61	-62	-63	-64	-65	-66	-67	-68	-69	-70	-71	-72	-73	-74	-75	-76	-77	-78	-79	-80	-81	-82	-83	-84	-85	-86	-87	-88	-89	-90	-91	-92	-93	-94	-95	-96	-97	-98	-99	-100	-101	-102	-103	-104	-105	-106	-107	-108	-109	-110	-111	-112	-113	-114	-115	-116	-117	-118	-119	-120	-121	-122	-123	-124	-125	-126	-127	-128	-129	-130	-131	-132	-133	-134	-135	-136	-137	-138	-139	-140	-141	-142	-143	-144	-145	-146	-147	-148	-149	-150	-151	-152	-153	-154	-155	-156	-157	-158	-159	-160	-161	-162	-163	-164	-165	-166	-167	-168	-169	-170	-171	-172	-173	-174	-175	-176	-177	-178	-179	-180	-181	-182	-183	-184	-185	-186	-187	-188	-189	-190	-191	-192	-193	-194	-195	-196	-197	-198	-199	-200	-201	-202	-203	-204	-205	-206	-207	-208	-209	-210	-211	-212	-213	-214	-215	-216	-217	-218	-219	-220	-221	-222	-223	-224	-225	-226	-227	-228	-229	-230	-231	-232	-233	-234	-235	-236	-237	-238	-239	-240	-241	-242	-243	-244	-245	-246	-247	-248	-249	-250	-251	-252	-253	-254	-255	-256	-257	-258	-259	-260	-261	-262	-263	-264	-265	-266	-267	-268	-269	-270	-271	-272	-273	-274	-275	-276	-277	-278	-279	-280	-281	-282	-283	-284	-285	-286	-287	-288	-289	-290	-291	-292	-293	-294	-295	-296	-297	-298	-299	-300	-301	-302	-303	-304	-305	-306	-307	-308	-309	-310	-311	-312	-313	-314	-315	-316	-317	-318	-319	-320	-321	-322	-323	-324	-325	-326	-327	-328	-329	-330	-331	-332	-333	-334	-335	-336	-337	-338	-339	-340	-341	-342	-343	-344	-345	-346	-347	-348	-349	-350	-351	-352	-353	-354	-355	-356	-357	-358	-359	-360	-361	-362	-363	-364	-365	-366	-367	-368	-369	-370	-371	-372	-373	-374	-375	-376	-377	-378	-379	-380	-381	-382	-383	-384	-385	-386	-387	-388	-389	-390	-391	-392	-393	-394	-395	-396	-397	-398	-399	-400	-401	-402	-403	-404	-405	-406	-407	-408	-409	-410	-411	-412	-413	-414	-415	-416	-417	-418	-419	-420	-421	-422	-423	-424	-425	-426	-427	-428	-429	-430	-431	-432	-433	-434	-435	-436	-437	-438	-439	-440	-441	-442	-443	-444	-445	-446	-447	-448	-449	-450	-451	-452	-453	-454	-455	-456	-457	-458	-459	-460	-461	-462	-463	-464	-465	-466	-467	-468	-469	-470	-471	-472	-473	-474	-475	-476	-477	-478	-479	-480	-481	-482	-483	-484	-485	-486	-487	-488	-489	-490	-491	-492	-493	-494	-495	-496	-497	-498	-499	-500	-501	-502	-503	-504	-505	-506	-507	-508	-509	-510	-511	-512	-513	-514	-515	-516	-517	-518	-519	-520	-521	-522	-523	-524	-525	-526	-527	-528	-529	-530	-531	-532	-533	-534	-535	-536	-537	-538	-539	-540	-541	-542	-543	-544	-545	-546	-547	-548	-549	-550	-551	-552	-553	-554	-555	-556	-557	-558	-559	-560	-561	-562	-563	-564	-565	-566	-567	-568	-569	-570	-571	-572	-573	-574	-575	-576	-577	-578	-579	-580	-581	-582	-583	-584	-585	-586	-587	-588	-589	-590	-591	-592	-593	-594	-595	-596	-597	-598	-599	-600	-601	-602	-603	-604	-605	-606	-607	-608	-609	-610	-611	-612	-613	-614	-615	-616	-617	-618	-619	-620	-621	-622	-623	-624	-625	-626	-627	-628	-629	-630	-631	-632	-633	-634	-635	-636	-637	-638	-639	-640	-641	-642	-643	-644	-645	-646	-647	-648	-649	-650	-651	-652	-653	-654	-655	-656	-657	-658	-659	-660	-661	-662	-663	-664	-665	-666	-667	-668	-669	-670	-671	-672	-673	-674	-675	-676	-677	-678	-679	-680	-681	-682	-683	-684	-685	-686	-687	-688	-689	-690	-691	-692	-693	-694	-695	-696	-697	-698	-699	-700	-701	-702	-703	-704	-705	-706	-707	-708	-709	-710	-711	-712	-713	-714	-715	-716	-717	-718	-719	-720	-721	-722	-723	-724	-725	-726	-727	-728	-729	-730	-731	-732	-733	-734	-735	-736	-737	-738	-739	-740	-741	-742	-743	-744	-745	-746	-747	-748	-749	-750	-751	-752	-753	-754	-755	-756	-757	-758	-759	-760	-761	-762	-763	-764	-765	-766	-767	-768	-769	-770	-771	-772	-773	-774	-775	-776	-777	-778	-779	-780	-781	-782	-783	-784	-785	-786	-787	-788	-789	-790	-791	-792	-793	-794	-795	-796	-797	-798	-799	-800	-801	-802	-803	-804	-805	-806	-807	-808	-809	-810	-811	-812	-813	-814	-815	-816	-817	-818	-819	-820	-821	-822	-823	-824	-825	-826	-827	-828	-829	-830	-831	-832	-833	-834	-835	-836	-837	-838	-839	-840	-841	-842	-843	-844	-845	-846	-847	-848	-849	-850	-851	-852	-853	-854	-855	-856	-857	-858	-859	-860	-861	-862	-863	-864	-865	-866	-867	-868	-869	-870	-871	-872	-873	-874	-875	-876	-877	-878	-879	-880	-881	-882	-883	-884	-885	-886	-887	-888	-889	-890	-891	-892	-893	-894	-895	-896	-897	-898	-899	-900	-901	-902	-903	-904	-905	-906	-907	-908	-909	-910	-911	-912	-913	-914	-915	-916	-917	-918	-919	-920	-921	-922	-923	-924	-925	-926	-927	-928	-929	-930	-931	-932	-933	-934	-935	-936	-937	-938	-939	-940	-941	-942	-943	-944	-945	-946	-947	-948	-949	-950	-951	-952	-953	-954	-955	-956	-957	-958	-959	-960	-961	-962	-963	-964	-965	-966	-967	-968	-969	-970	-971	-972	-973	-974	-975	-976	-977	-978	-979	-980	-981	-982	-983	-984	-985	-986	-987	-988	-989	-990	-991	-992	-993	-994	-995	-996	-997	-998	-999	-1000
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[illegible]



APPENDIX D: REFINED GRID OUTPUT DATA

# INPUT DATA--CARD 1 PASCAGOULA CHANNEL, REFINED GRID

INPUT DATA--CARD 2  
 WMAX,MMAX,INITI,IOVER,IFLVL,LEVEL,TSURG,IMOT,IPOND,MCHAN 49 28 0 1 1 3 0 0 0  
 ISAL,ISALC,CMAX,XMS 1 1440 150 00 100.00

INPUT DATA--CARD 3  
 IT10,JT10,NT10,NFLO,NP1,NP2,NP3,NPR,MPSURF,KS1,KS2,KS3,KS4,KS5,KS6  
 6 1440 0 2 14 43 1 -2 -2 60 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 NCON 0

INPUT DATA--CARD 4  
 TAU,DX,DY,G,ALAT,XI,VA,THETA,EPD,APSD,CONI,NPXP,ROTA,TPRO,ADV,VIS,XL,ND,XSCOR,SMAX,SINI,DMAX,OCOM2,DLIMIT  
 60 000 3333.3 32 200 30 250 0.00000 -1.0000 6.0000  
 1.0000 1.0000 -1.0000 50.000 0.00000 1.0000 1.0000  
 2.0000 1.0000 10.100 0.00000 200 00 0.00000 -100.00

INPUT DATA--CARD 5  
 MAXTIM,INTAP,IDELAY,IPLOT,IVPLOT,ICPLOT,IXPAN,NGAGE NFRQ,KREST,NP,NZQ,NDTAP,NTABLE,IGLOB  
 7200 -1 9999 0 0 0 1 11 10 0 0 5 21 0

INPUT DATA--CARD 6  
 EXPANSION WEIGHTS IN X-DIRECTION  
 1 4345 1 3907 1.2924 1 1995 1 1118 1 0290 0.95095 0.87749  
 0.8041 0.82459 0.84143 0.85898 0.87728 0.89639 0.91636 0.93725  
 0.95513 0.98206 1.0081 0.86442 0.77975 0.63044 0.53493 0.34568  
 0.22057 0.13867 0.06192E-01 0.92487E-01 0.99471E-01 0.10725 0.11594 0.16166  
 0.22627 0.32671 0.47451 0.52896 0.59252 0.66723 0.75573 0.77813  
 0.80245 0.82900 0.85812 0.89024 0.92590 0.96581 1.0108 1.0622  
 1.1214 1.1908 1.2734 1.3740 1.5000 1.5000 1.5000 1.5000

EXPANSION WEIGHTS IN Y-DIRECTION  
 1 9495 1.6493 1.7751 1.7168 1.6689 1.6285 1.5937 1.5632  
 1.306 1.2325 1.1104 1.0881 0.9804 0.86967 0.81325 0.76342  
 0.70527 0.65420 0.60706 0.56893 0.53305 0.50082 0.45040 0.40999  
 0.45560 0.45922 0.33263 0.22470 0.15375 0.10648 0.10308 0.99874E-01  
 0.98660E-01 0.94016E-01 0.12442 0.16343 0.21315 0.27614 0.35546 0.45479  
 0.45599 0.46514 0.47023 0.47525 0.48023 0.48514 0.49001 0.49482  
 0.45955 0.50431 0.44932 0.40119 0.35897 0.32183 0.28909 0.26017  
 0.22660 0.18758 0.15992 0.13670 0.11714 0.10063 0.10055 0.10048  
 0.10040 0.10033 0.10026 0.10019 0.10012 0.10005 0.99987E-01 0.99921E-01  
 0.99856E-01 0.99792E-01 0.99729E-01 0.99667E-01 0.99605E-01 0.99543E-01 0.99485E-01 0.99426E-01  
 0.12471 0.16611 0.21373 0.27418 0.35073 0.44735 0.49528 0.54768  
 0.60496 0.66749 0.73571 0.81005 0.89100 0.97906 1.0748 1.1787  
 1.2515 1.4138

INPUT DATA--CARD 7  
 MPRINT 1440 2880 4320 5760 7200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 MPRINT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

INPUT DATA--CARD 8  
 SPECIAL GAGE LOCATIONS  
 NPOT 3 35 24 33 30 49 49 0 25 49 49  
 NPOT 2 28 42 28 125 52 1 27 23 122 23 1 6 27 A

[illegible]

INPUT DATA--CARD 11  
 VARIABLE WIND DATA  
 VELOCITY 9.60 7.30 5.20 7.60 5.80 8.70 4.90 6.50 7.20 8.00 5.50 5.30 7.60 4.60 3.40 6.60  
 6.70 7.40 4.20 5.10 6.70  
 DIRECTION 2.76 1.97 2.68 2.25 2.06 2.13 1.73 2.23 1.95 1.90 1.80 2.23 1.82 1.71 4.24 2.03  
 1.92 1.75 2.32 1.20 2.04

INPUT DATA--CARD 12  
 FRICTION CODES 0.010 0.011 0.012 0.013 0.014 0.015 0.016 0.017 0.018 0.019  
 FRICTION CODES 0.020 0.021 0.022 0.023 0.024 0.025 0.026 0.027 0.028 0.029  
 BARRIER HEIGHTS 10.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 BARRIER HEIGHTS 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 BARRIER CHEZYS 4.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000  
 BARRIER CHEZYS 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000  
 OT/BAR-AD COEFF 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 OT/BAR-AD COEFF 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 RECESION COEFF 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 RECESION COEFF 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 FLOOD-AD COEFF 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500  
 FLOOD-AD COEFF 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500  
 CANOPY COEFF 1 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500  
 CANOPY COEFF 1 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500  
 CANOPY COEFF 2 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500  
 CANOPY COEFF 2 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500

INPUT DATA--CARD 25  
 NNPT,MSKP,MDLY,MVELPN,MVELP,MDVLY 4 60 0 7 60 0

INPUT DATA--CARD 26  
 INPUT AND JNPOT  
 4 25 49 49  
 24 5 27 8

INPUT DATA--CARD 27  
 NYCORD 3 35 24 33 30 48 48  
 NYCORD 20 20 25 26 27 23 22

PROGRAM TIDAL HAS CONSTRUCTED THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS

DEPTH  
 MANNING'S N  
 ICF FLAG ARRAY  
 VECTORS-IFLOOD,IBARR,ITIDE

ICF FLAG ARRAY

N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	9170	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	9270	1010	1010	1010	1010
2	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	6011	6150	1010	6060	6050	1010	1010	1010	6060	6060	6050	1010	1010	1010
3	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	6060	6111	6111	6060	6361	6150	1010	1010	1010	6060	6060	6050	1010	1010	1010
4	1010	1010	6060	6262	6262	6363	6363	6362	6363	6363	6150	1010	1010	1010	6060	6060	6050	1010	1010	1010
5	1010	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6150	5062	5062	6060	6060	6060	6050	1010	1010	1010
6	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6361	6150	1010	1010	1010	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
7	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6361	6150	1010	1010	1010	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
8	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6162	6063	6263	6362	6260	6011	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
9	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6162	6063	6263	6362	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
10	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6111	1160	5062	6163	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
11	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6360	6050	1010	6161	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
12	7061	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
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16	7061	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
17	7061	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
18	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
19	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
20	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
21	7061	6063	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
22	7061	5062	6063	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
23	1010	1010	5060	6063	6263	6263	6263	6263	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
24	7061	6050	1010	1160	1162	1162	5062	5062	6063	6263	6263	6263	6263	6263	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
25	7061	6162	6262	6262	6260	6050	1010	1010	1160	1162	1162	1162	1162	1162	1160	1160	6060	6060	6060	6060
26	7061	6163	6363	6363	6363	6362	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
27	7061	6062	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060
28	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171	6171





N	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
1	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
2	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
3	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
4	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
5	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
6	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
7	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
8	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010	1010
9	6060	6060	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6161	7181
10	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
11	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
12	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	7181
13	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	7181
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15	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	7181
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17	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	6060	7181
18	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
19	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
20	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
21	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
22	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
23	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
24	6060	6060	6363	6363	6363	6363	6363	6161	7181
25	5060	5060	6063	6263	6263	6263	6263	6061	7181
26	1010	1010	1160	1162	1162	1162	1162	1160	7181
27	6060	6060	6262	6262	6262	6262	6262	6060	7181
28	8171	8171	8171	8171	8171	8171	8171	8171	8171

AD-A157 446

USER GUIDE FOR WIFM-SAL (WES IMPLICIT FLOODING  
MODEL-SAL): A TWO-DIMENSIO. (U) ARMY ENGINEER WATERWAYS  
EXPERIMENT STATION VICKSBURG MS ENVIR. R A SCHMALZ  
MAR 85 WES/IR/EL-85-1 F/G 8/8

2/2

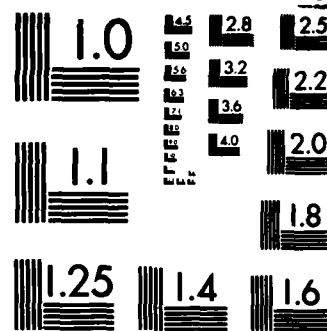
UNCLASSIFIED

NL

END

FILED

DTIC



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART  
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

DEPTH--CARD GROUP 13

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
2	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
13	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
14	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
15	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
17	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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19	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
21	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
22	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
23	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
26	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
27	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
28	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

M	N	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
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2	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
6	-6	-7	-7	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6	-6
7	-6	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
8	-6	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
9	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
10	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
11	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
12	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7	-7
13	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11
14	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35	-35
15	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11
16	-12	-13	-14	-16	-15	-15	-15	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13
17	-12	-13	-14	-16	-15	-15	-15	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13
18	-12	-13	-14	-16	-15	-15	-15	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13
19	-13	-13	-15	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17
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21	-16	-17	-18	-18	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17
22	-17	-18	-19	-19	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18
23	-17	-16	-16	-16	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15
24	-15	-14	-13	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14
25	-7	-8	-10	-13	-11	-11	-11	-12	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11	-11
26	-23	-20	-20	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16
27	-34	-34	-34	-30	-28	-28	-31	-32	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31	-31
28	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36	-36

M	N	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
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2	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
3	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
4	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
5	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
6	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
7	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
8	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
9	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
10	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
11	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
12	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
13	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
14	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
15	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
16	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
17	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
18	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
19	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
20	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
21	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
22	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
23	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
24	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
25	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
26	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
27	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
28	1	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.

CHEZY COEFFICIENT

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	243.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	274.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	118.	118.	0.	81.	81.	0.	0.	0.	119.	171.	118.	0.	0.
3	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	85.	76.	111.	76.	81.	81.	0.	0.	0.	0.	119.	171.	118.	0.	0.
4	0.	0.	0.	96.	96.	81.	81.	76.	98.	76.	81.	81.	0.	0.	0.	0.	155.	171.	118.	0.	0.
5	0.	85.	100.	98.	98.	96.	93.	81.	81.	81.	85.	85.	85.	85.	85.	129.	171.	98.	0.	0.	
6	85.	98.	100.	98.	96.	96.	93.	81.	81.	85.	85.	85.	0.	0.	0.	85.	102.	171.	98.	100.	93.
7	93.	100.	102.	100.	96.	96.	96.	96.	96.	98.	98.	96.	0.	0.	0.	85.	102.	171.	98.	98.	96.
8	100.	102.	102.	109.	108.	96.	96.	100.	100.	102.	102.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	171.	98.	98.	98.
9	102.	111.	113.	113.	111.	102.	100.	93.	98.	102.	102.	109.	102.	102.	102.	100.	171.	102.	102.	98.	98.
10	107.	113.	116.	116.	114.	114.	111.	109.	102.	85.	85.	96.	102.	102.	102.	100.	171.	102.	102.	98.	98.
11	111.	116.	116.	116.	116.	114.	113.	109.	102.	85.	85.	76.	81.	96.	102.	111.	171.	114.	102.	98.	98.
12	117.	117.	117.	116.	116.	116.	113.	109.	109.	102.	100.	81.	96.	100.	109.	114.	171.	114.	111.	109.	104.
13	118.	118.	117.	116.	116.	116.	116.	113.	109.	102.	100.	81.	96.	100.	109.	114.	171.	171.	171.	171.	171.
14	119.	118.	116.	116.	116.	116.	116.	114.	109.	102.	100.	81.	96.	100.	109.	111.	171.	171.	171.	171.	171.
15	119.	116.	116.	116.	116.	116.	116.	114.	109.	102.	100.	81.	96.	100.	109.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.
16	118.	116.	117.	116.	116.	116.	116.	114.	111.	102.	100.	81.	100.	102.	109.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.
17	118.	116.	117.	116.	116.	116.	116.	113.	109.	102.	98.	81.	100.	109.	109.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.
18	118.	118.	117.	116.	116.	116.	116.	113.	109.	100.	98.	93.	100.	109.	109.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.	111.
19	117.	118.	117.	116.	116.	116.	113.	113.	102.	102.	102.	111.	113.	114.	114.	114.	114.	114.	114.	116.	117.
20	117.	114.	117.	116.	116.	116.	113.	113.	102.	102.	111.	113.	113.	113.	114.	116.	116.	116.	116.	116.	118.
21	111.	111.	116.	116.	113.	109.	114.	109.	114.	109.	111.	113.	113.	117.	118.	119.	119.	119.	119.	119.	121.
22	81.	9.	114.	102.	109.	111.	116.	117.	116.	117.	116.	116.	116.	117.	118.	119.	119.	119.	119.	119.	119.
23	0.	0.	114.	96.	116.	109.	114.	114.	116.	117.	117.	117.	118.	119.	119.	119.	117.	117.	117.	116.	116.
24	130.	132.	0.	111.	111.	111.	111.	114.	117.	117.	117.	117.	121.	119.	118.	117.	117.	117.	117.	116.	116.
25	144.	154.	142.	142.	132.	142.	0.	0.	0.	85.	85.	96.	109.	96.	111.	102.	98.	98.	98.	102.	102.
26	165.	164.	157.	157.	157.	157.	145.	145.	145.	144.	144.	148.	130.	130.	131.	130.	130.	130.	130.	130.	132.
27	170.	170.	171.	171.	171.	171.	171.	170.	171.	171.	171.	170.	171.	169.	171.	158.	157.	157.	157.	157.	157.
28	277.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	185.	185.	185.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.	184.





## INITIAL SALINITY DISTRIBUTION

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	24.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	24.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	24.	24.	0.	24.	24.	0.	0.	0.	25.	25.	25.	0.	0.	0.
3		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	0.	0.	0.	25.	25.	25.	0.	0.	0.
4		0.	0.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	25.	25.	26.	26.	26.	26.	0.	0.	0.
5		0.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	24.	25.	25.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	0.	0.
6		24.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.
7		24.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
8		25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	26.	26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
9		26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
10		26.	26.	26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
11		26.	26.	26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
12		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
13		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
14		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
15		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
16		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
17		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
18		26.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
19		27.	26.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
20		27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
21		27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
22		27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
23		0.	0.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
24		28.	27.	0.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
25		28.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
26		28.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.	27.
27		28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.	28.
28		30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.	30.

## X DISPERSION COEFFICIENT FACTOR

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	57.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	57.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2.	57.	0.	2.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	57.	2.	0.	0.	0.
3		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2.	57.	57.	2.	57.	57.	0.	0.	0.	0.	57.	57.	0.	0.	0.
4		0.	0.	2.	2.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	0.	0.	57.	57.	0.	0.	0.
5		0.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	2.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	0.
6		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	2.
7		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
8		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	2.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
9		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
10		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	0.	0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
11		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	2.	0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
12		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
13		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
14		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
15		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
16		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
17		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
18		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
19		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
20		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
21		0.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
22		0.	0.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
23		0.	0.	0.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
24		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.
25		0.	57.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
26		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
27		0.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.
28		57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.	57.

A DISPERSION COEFFICIENT OFFSET																					
M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	1	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	2	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
3	3	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
4	4	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
5	5	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
6	6	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
7	7	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	8	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	9	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	10	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	11	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	12	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
13	13	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	14	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
15	15	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
16	16	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
17	17	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
18	18	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
19	19	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
20	20	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
21	21	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
22	22	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
23	23	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
24	24	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
25	25	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
26	26	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
27	27	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
28	28	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

Y DISPERSION COEFFICIENT FACTOR

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
7	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
8	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
9	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
10	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
11	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
12	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
13	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
14	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
15	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
16	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
17	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
18	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
19	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
20	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
21	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
22	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
25	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
26	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
27	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		Y DISPERSION COEFFICIENT FACTOR OFFSET																			
M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
3		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
4		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
5		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
6		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
7		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
8		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
9		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
10		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
11		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
12		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
13		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
15		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
16		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
17		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
18		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
19		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
20		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
21		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
22		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
23		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
24		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
25		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
26		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
27		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
28		0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

BARRIER ARRAY -

1	2	1	1	7	2
2	2	1	1	7	3
3	2	1	1	8	3
4	2	1	1	13	6
5	2	1	1	9	10
6	1	1	1	10	10
7	1	1	1	4	24
8	1	1	1	5	24
9	1	1	1	6	24
10	1	1	1	9	25
11	1	1	1	10	25
12	1	1	1	11	25
13	1	1	1	12	25
14	1	1	1	13	25
15	1	1	1	14	25
16	1	1	1	15	25
17	1	1	1	16	25
18	1	1	1	30	25
19	1	1	1	31	25
20	1	1	1	43	26
21	1	1	1	44	26
22	1	1	1	45	26
23	1	1	1	46	26
24	1	1	1	47	26
25	1	1	1	48	26

TIDAL AND DISCHARGE BOUNDARY VECTORS---TRANSMISSION BOUNDARY VECTOR			
1	21001004	11002001	0
2	21001007	12016001	0
3	21001008		
4	21001009		
5	21001010		
6	21001011		
7	21001012		
8	21001013		
9	21001014		
10	21001015		
11	21001016		
12	21001017		
13	21001018		
14	21001019		
15	21001020		
16	21001021		
17	21001022		
18	21001023		
19	21001024		
20	21001025		
21	21001026		
22	21001027		
23	21001028		
24	21001029		
25	21001030		
26	21001031		
27	21001032		
28	21001033		
29	21001034		
30	21001035		
31	21001036		
32	21001037		
33	21001038		
34	21001039		
35	21001040		
36	21001041		
37	21001042		
38	21001043		
39	21001044		
40	21001045		
41	21001046		
42	21001047		
43	21001048		
44	21001049		
45	21001050		
46	21001051		
47	21001052		
48	21001053		
49	21001054		
50	21001055		
51	21001056		
52	21001057		
53	21001058		
54	21001059		
55	21001060		
56	21001061		
57	21001062		
58	21001063		
59	21001064		



60	111017028
61	111018028
62	111019028
63	111020028
64	111021028
65	111022028
66	111023028
67	111024028
68	111025028
69	111026028
70	111027028
71	111028028
72	111029028
73	111030028
74	111031028
75	111032028
76	111033028
77	111034028
78	111035028
79	111036028
80	111037028
81	111038028
82	111039028
83	111040028
84	111041028
85	111042028
86	111043028
87	111044028
88	111045028
89	111046028
90	111047028
91	111048028
92	111049028

DISCHARGE FLOWS			
1	1152-968	1729-951	
61	1151-851	1727-835	
121	1149-135	1724-118	
181	1147-218	1721-281	
241	1145-301	1718-285	
301	1143-384	1715-388	
361	1141-467	1712-491	
421	1139-551	1709-594	
481	1137-634	1706-697	
541	1135-718	1703-781	
601	1133-801	1700-785	
661	1131-885	1697-868	
721	1129-968	1694-951	
781	1127-051	1692-035	
841	1124-135	1689-118	
901	1122-218	1686-201	
961	1120-301	1683-285	
1021	1118-384	1680-368	
1081	1116-467	1677-451	
1141	1114-551	1674-535	
1201	1112-634	1671-618	
1261	1110-718	1668-701	
1321	1108-801	1665-785	
1381	1106-885	1662-868	
1441	1104-968	1659-951	
1501	1102-051	1656-035	
1561	1100-135	1653-118	
1621	1098-218	1650-201	
1681	1096-301	1647-285	
1741	1094-384	1644-368	
1801	1092-467	1641-451	
1861	1090-551	1638-535	
1921	1088-634	1635-618	
1981	1086-718	1632-701	
2041	1084-801	1629-785	
2101	1082-885	1626-868	
2161	1080-968	1623-951	
2221	1078-051	1620-035	
2281	1076-135	1617-118	
2341	1074-218	1614-201	
2401	1072-301	1611-285	
2461	1070-384	1608-368	
2521	1068-467	1605-451	
2581	1066-551	1602-535	
2641	1064-634	1599-618	
2701	1062-718	1596-701	
2761	1060-801	1593-785	
2821	1058-885	1590-868	
2881	1056-968	1587-951	
2941	1054-051	1584-035	
3001	1052-135	1581-118	
3061	1050-218	1578-201	
3121	1048-301	1575-285	
3181	1046-384	1572-368	
3241	1044-467	1569-451	
3301	1042-551	1566-535	
3361	1040-634	1563-618	
3421	1038-718	1560-701	
3481	1036-801	1557-785	
3541	1034-885	1554-868	
3601	1032-968	1551-951	
3661	1030-051	1548-035	
3721	1028-135	1545-118	

DISCHARGE SALINITIES	
1	0.000
61	0.000
121	0.000
181	0.000
241	0.000
301	0.000
361	0.000
421	0.000
481	0.000
541	0.000
601	0.000
661	0.000
721	0.000
781	0.000
841	0.000
901	0.000
961	0.000
1021	0.000
1081	0.000
1141	0.000
1201	0.000
1261	0.000
1321	0.000
1381	0.000
1441	0.000
1501	0.000
1561	0.000
1621	0.000
1681	0.000
1741	0.000
1801	0.000
1861	0.000
1921	0.000
1981	0.000
2041	0.000
2101	0.000
2161	0.000
2221	0.000
2281	0.000
2341	0.000
2401	0.000
2461	0.000
2521	0.000
2581	0.000
2641	0.000
2701	0.000
2761	0.000
2821	0.000
2881	0.000
2941	0.000
3001	0.000
3061	0.000
3121	0.000
3181	0.000
3241	0.000
3301	0.000
3361	0.000
3421	0.000
3481	0.000
3541	0.000
3601	0.000
3661	0.000
3721	0.000

1 SALINITY AT 1 120 000C MRS ITHAE = 7200

M	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

N	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**APPENDIX E: CRAY I-S JOB CONTROL LANGUAGE**

Global Grid Hydrodynamics and Salinity

COESR,T17,I060,STCRA.  
ACCOUNT(H48511KV00,921C0933-ACO,ACOCOE,6343809)  
JOB,JN=COESR,T=120.  
SWITCH,CARET=+.  
ACQUIRE,DN=\$PL,PDN=SFMSHYDDU,RT=0,MF=I1,UQ,ID=COFHO933.  
UPDATE,C=DATA,E,DW=80,IN.  
DELETE,DN=\$PL,NA.  
RELEASE,DN=\$PL.  
ACQUIRE,DN=\$PL,PDN=CLMSHYDPU,RT=0,MF=I1,UQ,ID=COEHO933.  
UPDATE,C,F,IN.  
DELETE,DN=\$PL,NA.  
RELEASE,DN=\$PL.  
AUDIT,PDN=-,ID=COEHO933.  
CFT,I=\$CPL.  
REWIND,DN=DATA.  
COPYSBF,I=DATA,O=\$OUT.  
REWIND,DN=DATA.  
ASSIGN,DN=DATA,A=FT05.  
LDR,MAP,LIB=DISSPLA.  
REWIND,DN=FT07:FT08:FT09:FT10:FT11:FT12.  
COPYD,I=FT07.  
COPYD,I=FT08.  
COPYD,I=FT09.  
COPYD,I=FT10.  
COPYD,I=FT11.  
COPYD,I=FT12.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT99,SDN=COETGS1PLOT,ID=COEHO933,DF=SB,DC=ST,WAIT.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT25,ID=COEHO933,DC=ST,DF=TR,WAIT,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS.STORE FT25:TINSH1.'.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT35,ID=COEHO933,DC=SI,DF=TR,WAIT,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS STORE FT35:TINTS1.'.  
EXIT.  
REWIND,DN=FT07:FT08:FT09:FT10:FT11:FT12.  
COPYD,I=FT07.  
COPYD,I=FT08.  
COPYD,I=FT09.  
COPYD,I=FT10.  
COPYD,I=FT11.  
COPYD,I=FT12.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT89,SDN=COETGS1PLOT,ID=COEHO933,DF=SB,DC=ST,WAIT.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT25,ID=COEHO933,DC=ST,DF=TR,WAIT,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS STORE FT25:TINSH1.'.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT35,ID=COEHO933,DC=ST,DF=TR,WAIT,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS STORE FT35:TINTS1.'

Refined Grid Hydrodynamics and Salinity

COESR,T17,I060,STCRA.  
ACCOUNT(H48511KV00,921C0933-AC0,AC0COE,6343809)  
JOB,JN=COESR,T=820,CL=C.  
SWITCH,CARET=+.  
ACCESS,DN=FT24,UQ,NA.  
ACCESS,DN=FT34,UQ,NA.  
DELETE,DN=FT24,NA.  
DELETE,DN=FT34,NA.  
RELEASE,DN=FT24.  
RELEASE,DN=FT34.  
ACQUIRE,DN=FT24,ID=COEH0933,RT=0,DF=TR,UQ,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS.GET FT24:TINSH.'  
ACQUIRE,DN=FT34,ID=COEH0933,RT=0,DF=TR,UQ,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS.GET FT34:TINTS.'  
REWIND,DN=FT24:FT34.  
ACCESS,DN=DATA,ID=COEH0933,UQ,NA.  
DELETE,DN=DATA,NA.  
RELEASE,DN=DATA.  
ACQUIRE,DN=DATA,ID=COEH0933,RT=0,UQ,+  
TEXT='USERNO,868,XUMPOM.MASS.GET DATA:H485TRSD.'  
ACQUIRE,DN=\$PL,PDN=CLMSHYDPU,RT=0,MF=I1,UQ,ID=COEH0933.  
UPDATE,C,F,IN.  
DELETE,DN=\$PL,NA.  
RELEASE,DN=\$PL.  
AUDIT,PDN=-,ID=COEH0933.  
CFT,I=\$CPL,L=0.  
REWIND,DN=DATA.  
COPYSBF,I=DATA,O=\$OUT.  
REWIND,DN=DATA.  
ASSIGN,DN=DATA,A=FT05.  
LDR,MAP,LIB=DISSPLA.  
REWIND,DN=FT07:FT08:FT09:FT10:FT11:FT12.  
COPYD,I=FT07.  
COPYD,I=FT08.  
COPYD,I=FT09.  
COPYD,I=FT10.  
COPYD,I=FT11.  
COPYD,I=FT12.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT99,SDN=COERTSPLOT,ID=COEH0933,DF=SB,DC=ST,WAIT.  
EXIT.  
REWIND,DN=FT07:FT08:FT09:FT10:FT11:FT12.  
COPYD,I=FT07.  
COPYD,I=FT08.  
COPYD,I=FT09.  
COPYD,I=FT10.  
COPYD,I=FT11.  
COPYD,I=FT12.  
DISPOSE,DN=FT99,SDN=COERTSPLOT,ID=COEH0933,DF=SB,DC=ST,WAIT.



**END**

**FILMED**

**9-85**

**DTIC**